

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 71.

HONOLULU, H. I.: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1897.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1895.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

PER MONTH, ADVANCE.....\$ 50  
PER MONTH, FOREIGN.....75  
PER YEAR.....3 00  
PER YEAR, FOREIGN.....6 00

—Payable invariably in Advance.

C. G. BALLENTYNE,  
BUSINESS MANAGER.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

LYLE A. DICKEY.

Attorney at Law. P. O. Box  
196, Honolulu, H. I.

WILLIAM C. PARKE.

Attorney at Law and Agent to  
take Acknowledgments. No. 13  
Kahumahu Street, Honolulu, H. I.

W. R. CASTLE.

Attorney at Law and Notary Pub-  
lic. Attends all Courts of the  
Republic. Honolulu, H. I.

W. F. ALLEN.

Will be pleased to transact any  
business entrusted to his care.  
Office over Bishop's Bank.

WHITNEY & NICHOLS.

Dental Rooms on Fort Street. Of-  
fice in Brewer's Block, cor. Fort  
and Hotel Sts., entrance, Hotel St.

A. J. DERBY, D. D. S.

Dentist.

Fort and Hotel Streets.  
Met-Smith Block.

Hours: 9 to 4. Telephone #15.

W. C. ACHI & CO.

Brokers and Dealers in Real Estate.

We will buy or sell Real Estate in all  
parts of the group. We will sell prop-  
erties on reasonable commissions.

Office: No 19 West King Street.

M. S. GRINBAUM & CO., Ltd.

Importers and Commission  
Merchants.

San Francisco, and Honolulu.  
215 Front St. Queen St.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

Importers and Commission Mer-  
chants. King and Bethel Streets,  
Honolulu, H. I.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

General Commission Agents.  
Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.

Importers and Commission Mer-  
chants. Honolulu, Hawaii Islands.

JOHN T. WATERHOUSE.

Importer and Dealer in General  
Merchandise. Queen St., Hono-  
lulu.

L. Lewers, P. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.

LEWERS & COOKE.

Successors to Lewers & Dickson.  
Importers and Dealers in Lumber  
and Building Materials. Fort St.

WILDER & CO.

Lumber, Paints, Oils, Nails, Salt,  
and Building Materials, all kinds.

THE WESTERN & HAWAIIAN

Investment Company, Ltd. Money  
loaned for long or short periods  
on approved security.

W. W. HALL, Manager.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.

Machinery of every description  
made to order.

H. E. MCINTYRE & BRO.

Grocery and Feed Store. Corner  
King and Fort Sts., Honolulu.

HAWAIIAN WINE CO.

Frank Brown, Manager. 28 and  
30 Merchant St., Honolulu, H. I.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

New York Line.

The Bark FOHNG SUBY will sail  
from New York for Honolulu

ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 1ST.

If sufficient inducement offers. Ad-  
vances made on shipments on liberal  
terms. For further particulars, ad-  
dress Messrs. CHAS. BREWER &  
CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston, or

C. BREWER & CO., Ltd.,

Honolulu Agents.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

## TEXT OF LETTERS

### Government Makes Public the Correspondence.

### LETTERS OF THE DIPLOMATS

### Minister Cooper Com- mended for Effort.

Matter Remains as Before—Must  
Now Wait Until Japan  
Is Heard From.

The Government was pleased yester-  
day to give out for publication the let-  
ters which have recently passed be-  
tween Minister of Foreign Affairs Cooper  
and Minister Shimamura on the subject  
of arbitrating the differences  
which now exist between Hawaii and  
Japan. The Advertiser published the  
gist of the news yesterday morning,  
and some members of the Cabinet, or  
perhaps, only one, complained that the  
head lines were misleading and were  
apt to cause adverse public criticism.  
This being the opinion, it was deemed  
advisable to publish the letters in full,  
and to this end copies were made for  
the press. The first is from Minister  
Shimamura, transmitting the one from  
Count Okuma:

"Honolulu, August 16, 1897.  
"Sir.—In accordance with the in-  
structions of Count Okuma, His Im-  
perial Japanese Majesty's Minister for  
Foreign Affairs, I have the honor to  
communicate a copy of his instructions  
addressed to me under the date of Au-  
gust 4th as the reply of the Imperial  
Government to the suggestions con-  
tained in your note of June 28th.  
"You will agree with me that this  
matter is of such importance and con-  
cerns from every point of view that I  
may be allowed to press for an early  
reply.  
"With the highest consideration, I  
have the honor to be, sir, your most  
obedient servant.  
(Sig.) "H. SHIMAMURA,  
"His Excellency, H. I. J. M.'s Minister  
for Foreign Affairs."

The following is the full text of the  
communication from Count Okuma,  
referred to in Minister Shimamura's let-  
ter quoted above:

"The Guaimasho, Tokio.  
The 4th Day of the 8th Month  
Of the 36th Year of Meiji.  
"H. Shimamura, Esq., H. I. J. M.'s Min-  
ister Resident, Hawaii:  
"Sir.—I received on the evening of  
the 13th ult. your telegram announcing  
that the Hawaiian Minister of Foreign  
Affairs had, in writing, suggested to  
you that the differences between Japan  
and Hawaii in regard to the rejected  
immigrants, be referred for settlement  
to disinterested arbitration.  
"By the mail which reached this city  
on the 15th ult., per the steamship City  
of Rio de Janeiro, I also received from  
you a copy of the communication from  
Mr. Cooper, to which your telegram  
had reference.  
"The Imperial Government are firmly  
convinced that their complaints in  
the matter are well founded and that  
their demands are just and reasonable.  
Nevertheless, in a spirit of conciliation  
and in the hope that their action may  
contribute to the good relations of the  
two countries, they have resolved to  
accept, subject to certain necessary  
limitations and qualifications the pro-  
posal of the Government of Hawaii.  
"Accordingly, on the 28th ult., I tele-  
graphed you to the effect that the Ja-  
panese Government accepted in prin-  
ciple the suggestion of the Hawaiian  
Government for arbitration and that  
the terms and conditions of such ac-  
ceptance would follow by mail.  
"I now confirm that telegram and  
the object of this instruction is to ex-  
plain the nature of the terms and the  
conditions, an adherence to which is,  
in the estimation of the Imperial Gov-  
ernment, essential to a satisfactory issue  
of the contemplated arbitration.  
"The reasons assigned by the Min-  
ister of Foreign Affairs of Hawaii, in  
favor of arbitration, make it also desir-  
able that the award when pro-  
nounced shall be of the highest and  
most commanding character. Conse-  
quently the Imperial Government pro-  
poses that the two Governments shall,  
when the proper time arrives, unite in  
requesting His Majesty, the King of  
the Belgians, may be pleased to accept  
the position of sole arbitrator.  
"The Imperial Government are,  
moreover, persuaded of the desirability  
of expressly defining the scope of the  
reference, not only in order to lighten  
the labors of the arbitrator, but with  
the view, as well, that the decision may  
address itself solely to the actual points  
of divergence. They, therefore, pro-

pose that the two Governments shall  
agree to the essential facts of the case,  
and that the arbitration shall be lim-  
ited to specified questions of law and  
(in case the award is in favor of Japan)  
the measure of the damages suffered  
by the subjects of His Imperial Maj-  
esty. It is due to frankness, that I  
should, in this connection, state that  
for reasons which are fully set forth  
in another instruction, the Imperial  
Government cannot consent that the  
questions of the bona-fides of the pos-  
session of \$50 by each of the rejected  
free laborers or of the applicability of  
the treaty of 1871 to Japan's subjects,  
other than those belonging to the mer-  
chant class, shall be regarded as points  
at issue upon which the decision of  
the arbitrator is to be invited.  
"If the Government of the Republic  
are prepared to meet the Imperial Gov-  
ernment upon the foregoing essential  
points, it is not apprehended that any  
difficulty will be experienced in arriv-  
ing at an understanding in reference to  
the questions of minor importance.  
"You are consequently directed to  
communicate a copy of this instruction  
to the Minister of Foreign Affairs as  
thoroughly of the Imperial Govern-  
ment to the suggestion contained in his  
note of the 28th of June. You will, at  
the same time, urgently impress upon  
him the importance from every point  
of view of an immediate response.  
"I am, sir, very respectfully,  
"COUNT OKUMA SHIGENOBU,  
"Minister for Foreign Affairs."

To this Minister Cooper replies as  
follows:

"Honolulu, H. I., August 30, 1897.  
"His Excellency, H. Shimamura, H. I.  
J. M.'s Minister Resident, Honolulu:  
"Sir.—Adverting to the letter of in-  
struction addressed to you by Count  
Okuma Shigenobu, under date of the  
4th inst., wherein he confirms his tele-  
gram which was to the effect that the  
Japanese Government accepted in prin-  
ciple the suggestion of the Hawaiian  
Government for arbitration, and also  
states the nature of the terms and con-  
ditions considered essential by the Im-  
perial Government to a satisfactory  
issue of the contemplated arbitration,  
a copy of which accompanies your let-  
ter of the 16th inst., I have the honor  
to say:  
"That this Government recognizes  
the desirability of expressly defining  
the scope of the reference, and for that  
reason regrets that His Excellency's  
letter does not more fully define the  
issues which the Imperial Government  
would be willing to submit for deci-  
sion.  
"If I understand His Excellency cor-  
rectly, the Imperial Government cannot  
consent to the submission to arbitra-  
tion of the question of the bona-fides  
of the possession of the \$50 by each  
of the rejected immigrants, or the  
applicability of the treaty of 1871 to  
Japanese subjects other than those be-  
longing to the merchant class. This  
being so, it is suggested that this Gov-  
ernment cannot be expected to give its  
reply as to whether or not this propo-  
sal is acceptable until the points  
which the Imperial Government are  
willing to have submitted to arbitra-  
tion are definitely made known to it;  
and in the absence of an agreement as  
to the scope of the reference, it is like-  
wise suggested that no answer can be  
expected in regard to the choice of ar-  
bitrator.  
"In view of this, I am under the  
necessity of asking that His Excellency  
fully define the points which the Im-  
perial Government consider at issue,  
upon which the decision of the arbi-  
trator is to be invited.  
"With sentiments of the highest con-  
sideration, I have the honor to be, sir,  
Your Excellency's obedient servant,  
(Sig.) "HENRY E. COOPER,  
"Minister of Foreign Affairs."

The publication of the letters has  
caused much comment, and Minister  
Cooper comes in for much praise for  
his admirable and diplomatic letter.

SHERMAN'S NOTE TO JAPAN.  
Minister Hoshi Acknowledges the  
Receipt of the Document.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—Sec-  
retary Sherman has received prompt ac-  
knowledgment from Minister Hoshi of  
Japan to the Secretary's letter of last  
Saturday, relating to the annexation  
of Hawaii to the United States. Mr.  
Hoshi's acknowledgment is formal and  
does not go into the merits of the sub-  
ject, as the answer to Secretary Sher-  
man's last note will not be made pub-  
lic until word comes from the Japa-  
nese Foreign Office.

Previous dispatches contained all of  
the features of Secretary Sherman's  
note, with one exception, namely: Ja-  
pan's prior note referred incidentally  
to reports that a majority of the in-  
habitants of Hawaii did not favor an-  
nexation. Mr. Sherman's answer takes  
issue with this statement, and urges  
at some length that the preponderance  
of influence in Hawaii is favorable to  
the annexation of the Islands to the  
United States.

Aside from this and the approval ex-  
pressed of the plan of arbitration be-  
tween Japan and Hawaii on the immi-  
gration question, the Sherman note is  
an enlarged argument of the attitude  
of the United States as favor-  
able to annexation. The report that  
Mr. Sherman did not enter into an ar-  
gument, as it would be a reopening of  
the case with Japan, is not correct, as  
the Secretary's note is a very full ar-  
gument on the entire question involved.

Change in Australian Mails.  
WASHINGTON, August 23.—General  
Superintendent White of the Railway  
Service, has ordered that hereafter ar-  
ticles destined for New Zealand and

other Australian Colonies, except West  
Australia, will be included in the open  
mails forwarded to Vancouver for dis-  
patch thence by steamers of the Cana-  
dian-Australian Steamship Company.

NO END IN SIGHT.  
Miners' Strike Still Far From  
Settlement.

PITTSBURG, Pa., August 23.—Min-  
ers to resume work at the 54-cent rate,  
pending a decision of a board of arbi-  
tration.

Miners to resume work at an inter-  
mediate rate between the rate demand-  
ed and the one paid before the sus-  
pension pending a decision of a board  
of arbitration.

These three propositions were sub-  
mitted by the special committee of  
railroad coal operators of the Pitts-  
burgh district at a conference held to-  
night.

Miners to resume work at the 69-  
cent rate pending the decision of a  
board of arbitration is the proposition  
submitted by the officers of the min-  
ers to the special committee. The propo-  
sitions were talked over in an inform-  
al manner by both sides, when an ad-  
journing was taken until 10 o'clock  
tomorrow morning.

As near as can be learned, the min-  
ers' officials will stand firm on the  
proposition they have made. In sup-  
port of this claim they say that it is  
equally as fair for the miners to re-  
sume at the 69-cent rate pending arbi-  
tration as it is for them to go to work  
at the 54-cent rate under the same  
conditions.

After the conference tonight, several  
members of the committee of the op-  
erators said that a conference of op-  
erators of other States had been en-  
tirely eliminated from the controversy  
and that only the Pittsburgh district  
was being considered. National Presi-  
dent Hatchford and District President  
Dolan stoutly maintained that the  
question was still an interstate one,  
and the general question is being gen-  
erally deliberated upon. From the in-  
formation at hand, the contending par-  
ties are still far apart. The operators  
hope that one of their propositions will  
be accepted.

WHO OWNED THE MONEY?  
Charge of Grand Larceny Against Ex-  
Pastor Kenneth Duncan Dismissed.

The charge of grand larceny against  
Kenneth Duncan, the ex-pastor of  
Howard Presbyterian Church, was dis-  
missed by Judge Low yesterday morn-  
ing, says the San Francisco Call of Au-  
gust 24th.

The complaining witness was Mrs.  
John Axtell, wife of the keeper of a  
restaurant on Sixth street. Duncan  
was employed in the restaurant for a  
few days and Mrs. Axtell alleged that  
he stole \$85. Duncan left the city and  
went to San Jose, where he was ar-  
rested.

Mrs. Axtell was too ill to appear in  
court, but her husband went on the  
witness stand and asked for the sake  
of charity, that the case be dismissed.  
The money, he said, was his and he  
was willing that the ex-pastor should  
not be prosecuted, as he believed he  
was insane and not responsible for his  
actions.

Detective O'Dea informed the Court  
that Mrs. Axtell claimed that the money  
stolen belonged to her and she wanted  
to prosecute the case. She had re-  
quested him to ask for a postponement  
of the case until she was able to ap-  
pear in court.

The Judge expressed the opinion  
that, in view of Axtell's statement, he  
could do nothing but dismiss the case,  
although Mrs. Axtell could secure the  
re-arrest of Duncan if she so desired.

Attorney Nagle, who represented  
Duncan, asked the Judge to surrender  
him to the custody of the police, that  
he might be examined as to his sanity,  
but the Judge refused and suggested  
that a warrant could be obtained from  
any of the Superior Court Judges.

SIXTEEN MILLION STUDENTS.  
Fluctuates Concerning Schools Given  
by Commissioner Harris.

WASHINGTON, August 17.—The re-  
port of the United States Commis-  
sioner of Education, Dr. William T.  
Harris, for the year ended July 1, 1896,  
has just been completed. It shows a  
total enrollment in that year in the  
schools and colleges, both public and  
private, of 15,997,197 pupils. This was  
an increase of 308,557. The number in  
public institutions was 14,465,371, and  
in private institutions 1,535,826. In ad-  
dition to all these there were 418,000  
pupils in the various special schools  
and institutions, including business  
colleges, music conservatories, Indian  
and reform schools, making the grand  
total enrollment for the whole coun-  
try 16,415,197.

The report says that 178 schools for  
the secondary and higher education of  
the colored race and slightly over 40,  
000 students enrolled, an increase of  
over 3,000 for the year.

PROFESSOR ELLIOT AGAIN.  
Now He Says the Seal Branding  
Is Not Successful.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 23.—  
The remark of Dr. Jordan, as contained  
in the press dispatches of the 22d, that  
the "skins of branded cows returned  
this year to the islands show clearly  
the permanency of the mark and its  
efficiency to render the skin unsaleable  
without injury to the animal or to the  
herd," was commented on by Profes-  
sor Elliott today as follows:  
"I yield to no one in my esteem for  
Dr. Jordan's ability and integrity, but  
in this statement I believe him to be  
premature. The seals which were

branded last year, and which Jordan  
speaks of as returning this year so  
marked, were some 350 female pup  
seals or the young of that season of  
1896. They were branded between the  
13th and 20th of September, or after  
they had shed their natural coat and  
put on their sea-going jackets for the  
coming year of their lives. Fur seals  
renew their hair once every year. Jordan  
has not yet had the time to ob-  
serve the effects of the branding.

"I was forcibly impressed by the fact  
that all scars and wounds in the skins  
of fur seals healed without cicatrize  
while studying these animals on the  
island in 1873-74. It was a very sin-  
gular deviation from the law which  
governs such healing in the hides of  
horses, cattle or dogs and cats. I fol-  
lowed it closely in 1873 and again in  
1874 and found it to be constant."

SULLIVAN FOR MAYOR.  
Boston's Ex-Champion Willing to  
Serve His Townsmen.

BOSTON, August 19.—John L. Sulli-  
van will run as an independent candi-  
date for Mayor of Boston this fall, with  
the avowed intention of defeating May-  
or Josiah Quincy, who will be the regu-  
lar Democratic candidate for re-elec-  
tion. When Mayor Quincy refused to  
shake hands with John L. Sullivan at  
Oarsman Ten Eyck's reception in Fan-  
euil Hall, he committed what may  
prove to be a fatal political mistake.  
Sullivan was dumbfounded.

According to one of the Mayor's of-  
ficial organs the big fighter was easily  
the idol of the occasion. The crowd  
chased and cheered him. Ten Eyck was  
almost ignored at times. Sullivan's  
amazement at the slight gradually  
changed to anger, and his anger has  
become vindictiveness. At first, after  
thinking the matter over, he was in-  
clined to content himself with support-  
ing another candidate, like Mr. Ward-  
ner or Judge Blunker.

Now he has crossed the Rubicon and  
put his foot through the bridge timbers.  
John L. Sullivan will ask the support  
of his fellow citizens at the polls. At  
one time he could have gone to Con-  
gress, but he declined. Then his pro-  
fessional duties were in the way. Now  
he feels that he can spare the time to  
serve his townsmen.

REPUBLIC COLLAPSING.  
Central American Government Un-  
stable.

WASHINGTON, August 19.—Private  
advice from Nicaragua are that Costa  
Rica and Guatemala will in all proba-  
bility refuse to proceed further with  
the scheme for the consolidation of the  
five Republics of Central America into  
one nation, and that the present Great-  
er Republic, comprising Salvador, Hon-  
duras and Nicaragua, will disintegrate  
at an early date.

The intense jealousy existing be-  
tween Costa Rica and the States com-  
posing the present Greater Republic of  
Central America, in which Guatemala  
participates to a lesser degree, is given  
as the reason for the possible failure to  
carry out the agreement. Upon the  
formal announcement of the refusal of  
Costa Rica and Guatemala to enter the  
union the present combination of Hon-  
duras, Salvador and Nicaragua is ex-  
pected to collapse and the result, it is  
feared, will be a state of war that will  
extend to all the countries of Central  
America.

NOT ALL CAKES AND ALE.  
Returned Miner Says Getting to  
Klondyke Is Serious Business.

SEATTLE, WASH., August 23.—  
George Stewart, one of the party who  
came out overland from Dawson with  
Ed Thorp, arrived here today from his  
home in Stuck Valley, and at once be-  
gan preparations for the return trip.  
He adds his voice to the warning  
sounded since the rush began.  
"There are mistakes being made by  
the people who are rushing to the Yukon,"  
he said, "and I have warned my friends.  
Let no man go into the in-  
terior of the Yukon country without  
plenty of food, for if he runs out he will  
starve to death. I also want to say  
that unless more strikes are made this  
fall, the country is going to be over-  
crowded. Going into the Yukon is real  
serious business, and it is no place for  
an inexperienced man to be caught  
straying around."

MILD IN TONE.  
Correspondence From Madrid to  
United States.

MADRID, August 23.—The Duke of  
Tetuan, Minister of Foreign Affairs,  
declares that the only claim presented  
by the United States in connection  
with Cuba is a demand for the payment  
of an indemnity to the family of Dr.  
Ricardo Ruiz, the American citizen,  
who met his death in the jail of Guana-  
huaco under suspicious circumstances  
and is couched in pacific language.  
Captain-General Weyler, it is further  
announced, has not resigned, but the  
Government will shortly consider the  
results obtained by the campaign in  
Cuba.

HAVANA, August 23.—A special dis-  
patch from Madrid says there is no  
doubt the Spanish Government will be  
willing to extend the commercial treaty  
with the United States.

WAS HE RESPONSIBLE?  
A Promoter of Paris Bazaar Being  
Tried for Homicide.

PARIS, August 19.—Baron Mackau,  
one of the promoters of the Charity  
Bazaar of the Rue Jean Goujon, which  
was destroyed by fire on May 4th last  
with a loss of over 100 lives, and Ballac  
and Bagradow, two employees of the  
kine-matograph establishment in the  
bazaar, the section where the fire broke  
out, were placed on trial here today.

charged with homicide through their  
imprudence upon that occasion.

The Baron was not the only one of  
the chief promoters of the fair, but he  
presented the inflammable properties  
representing Old Paris for the use of  
the fair and also gave the use of the  
ground upon which it was erected. The  
Baroness Mackau was a victim of the  
conflagration.

The Judge who examined Baron  
Mackau today praised his honorable  
character, but reproached him for lack  
of precaution. The trial will last three  
days. There are 33 witnesses to be ex-  
amined.

THREATEN THE TURKS.  
Will Not Come to Act Until De-  
mands are Satisfied.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 22.—  
The confessions of two Armenians ar-  
rested on Saturday, at whose residence  
two bombs were found by the police,  
are said to have been prompted by the  
Turkish authorities. The prisoners are  
alleged to have confessed they intend-  
ed to use the bombs at the Russian and  
German Embassies.

The circular letter received by the  
Ambassadors of the powers from the  
Armenian committee is almost identi-  
cal with the one sent to the Embassa-  
dors in 1896. It declares that the Ar-  
menians are tired of waiting and are  
resolved to take action for the redress  
of their grievances, also appeals to the  
nations of Europe not to allow the Ar-  
menian nation to be annihilated; as-  
serts that the Turkish promises of re-  
form are a dead letter and that in this  
extremity the Armenians are resolved  
to carry out what was foreshadowed  
by the occurrences of August 26, 1896.  
These steps, they further state, are the  
preliminaries of April 1st, the very  
idea of which fills them with terror.  
They declare that they will not cease to  
act until their demands, "sanctified by  
the blood of martyrs," are satisfied.

WOULD GRANT REFORMS.  
The Liberal Leader Says That He  
Is Ready to Accept Office.

MADRID, August 19.—Senator Sagasta,  
the Liberal leader, is quoted as saying  
in an interview: "Even during Canas-  
vas' time dissensions existed in the  
Cabinet, and if they are continued Gen-  
eral Azcarra will be obliged to de-  
cline to hold office. In any case his  
Cabinet is certain to be only a tempo-  
rary one. I am ready to accept office,  
and should I do so I would apply re-  
forms to Cuba in the widest sense."

Hackmen in Trouble.  
There was trouble in hack circles  
yesterday morning, and Sam Macy  
was kept busy looking up witnesses in  
the cases.

At about 9 a. m. a Chinese hackman  
called in at the Police Station with  
blood streaming from a wound under  
his left eye. He explained that Naka-  
naka, a native driving hack No. 47, had  
struck him. It seems that the China-  
man and native belong to the same  
stand, outside of Emma Hall on Ber-  
tania street. Nakana had been aggra-  
vated by the Chinaman all morning,  
and finished by backing his hack into that  
of the Chinaman's, causing the break-  
ing of various parts of the latter's ve-  
hicle. He objected, and the native,  
jumping into the Chinaman's hack,  
bruised his face and produced the  
wound. A warrant was sworn out and  
the native arrested shortly afterwards.

The second was the case of Manuel  
Perry of the I. X. L. stand. A Portuguese  
named de Pinto swore out a warrant  
for the arrest of Perry on the charge  
of being "at night on the premises of  
another without lawful excuse." It  
seems that Perry went up to the old  
man's place at the head of Emma  
street, Wednesday night, and kicked up  
a great fuss, cursing and using all man-  
ner of vile language. He was told to  
get out of the place, but remained and  
kept up his abuse.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Just now Secretary Coleman is pre-  
paring a prospectus of the year's work  
in the Y. M. C. A., which will begin in  
September. This will contain full and  
complete information regarding all de-  
partments of the institution, and will  
include a number of fine cuts of the  
various rooms of the hall, recently  
made in Chicago.

The committee appointed to look into  
the matter of employing an assistant to  
Secretary Coleman, met yesterday and  
decided to write to Mr. C. B. Ripley,  
now in the States, authorizing him to  
employ as assistant, Alfred T. Brock of  
Oakland, Cal., who has, for the past  
three years, been in Y. M. C. A. work  
in that place, and who has for the past  
two years been at the head of the phys-  
ical work in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium  
of Oakland. Mr. Brock is expected  
down on the Mariposa.

The first term in the Y. M. C. A. edu-  
cational work begins September 30th  
and the second January 10th. Each  
will last 12 weeks.

A class in "first aid to the injured"  
may be instituted in the Y. M. C. A.

IT SAVES THE CROUPY CHILDREN.  
SEAVIEW, Va.—We have a splen-  
did sale on Chamberlain's Cough Rem-  
edy, and our customers coming from  
far and near, speak of it in the highest  
terms. Many have said that their chil-  
dren would have died of croup if  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not  
been given.—KELLAM & GURRIN,  
For sale by all druggists and dealers,  
Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Ha-  
waiian Islands.

Twenty-five men from the U. S. S.  
Bennington left for Pearl Harbor yester-  
day to carry on the work



A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

**C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.**

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS



## ELECTRIC LIGHT

Superintendent Cassidy Meets  
Health Board.

THOUGHT COSTLIER PLANT BEST

Now 125 Lights at the  
Quarantine Station.

Health Agent Reynolds Talks on  
Leprosy Settlement—All But Poo-  
die Dogs Must be Annihilated.

At the regular weekly session of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon there were present the following: President Smith, Drs. Day, Emerson and Monserat; Messrs. Reynolds, Lansing and Keilipio. Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

President Smith announced that Mr. Cassidy was present and that the first business would be the cost of the electric light plant at the Quarantine Station; further, that in February of this year the matter of wiring the Quarantine Station and of procuring the dynamo for producing the lights was brought up for the first time. An estimate was sent in by the Hawaiian Electric Light Company. Certain specifications were given. Another estimate was received from Mr. Cassidy also. Mr. Lansing moved that the matter be left with Mr. Cassidy. It being understood that the estimate was \$800.00. The difficulty resulted in the fact that a plant costing \$1,477 had been obtained.

Mr. Cassidy explained that the matter had been placed in his hands. At that time it was thought by the Board that 200 lights would be enough. He went over to the Quarantine Station and found that more lights would be required. The corals were full of people. With this in mind he wrote to the Westinghouse Company for a plant that would support 250 lights. It is the latest improved, it is minus a belt, by the way, a great nuisance; has attachments for arc and search lights, and fills the bill. There are three things to be considered in purchasing an electric plant, namely: Efficiency, maintenance and attendants. It is built for the roughest usage and can be very easily kept up. There are 125 lights attached at the present time, these being in the three corals—European passenger house, the two hospitals, guard quarters and cook houses. Mr. Reynolds said he supposed he should have referred the matter back to the Board of Health when he found the cost would be more, but the great need was to get the plant here as soon as possible. He felt that he could come before the Board and make a satisfactory explanation, not supposing at the time that the appropriation was short. Mr. Cassidy wished it to be understood that there were no commissions in the purchase of the plant.

President Smith said that he was sure that the plant at the station was needed, and that his judgment in purchasing the same had been good. Certainly it would be economy in the end. The only trouble was the insufficiency of funds to pay for it.

It was finally decided that the Westinghouse Company be paid \$800, and that they be given an explanation as to the reason why the remainder cannot be paid until an appropriation is made.

Mr. Cassidy expressed the wish that the members of the Board visit the Quarantine Station when the next batch of Asiatics arrive, for the purpose of making a thorough inspection of the electric plant. The Board so agreed.

Fish Inspector Keilipio's report showed 47,191 fish received at the market during the week ending August 26th.

Another protest was received from the Woodlawn Dairy, this time against the killing of 13 cows, alleged to have been affected with tuberculosis. Placed on file.

The Examining Board reported that Dr. Thomas McMillan had presented satisfactory credentials and had passed satisfactory examinations. The Board voted that a license be recommended.

In the matter of examination of cows for tuberculosis, Dr. Monserat reported that 499 cows had finished, and that about 500 remained to be examined.

The matter of placing either a wire fence or a stone wall at Waihalu was left with Mr. Reynolds.

In the matter of placing another coffee shop at Kalaupapa, Mr. Reynolds said that there were two at the place now, and that he could not see the need of another. Two plantings were progressing nicely, and 60 acres had already been taken up. There was room for three times as much.

In reply to a question asked by President Smith, Mr. Reynolds answered that while any officer was at the settlement no swipes or effects of the same were anywhere to be seen. However, as soon as such an officer left he understood that celebrations were frequent.

Mr. Reynolds then brought up the matter of dogs at the Leprosy Settlement on Molokai. Meetings had been held while he and Mr. Wilcox were there. Two propositions were made, namely: (a) That all dogs be destroyed, (b) that all but poodles be destroyed. The first was not received very kindly, but to the latter there seemed to be but little opposition.

Asked as to what he meant by

"poodle," Mr. Reynolds answered that there was a certain breed of small, curly dogs very plentiful at the Island. Asked as to the translation of "poodle" into Hawaiian, Secretary Wilcox answered, "Ika koku" (Monkey dog).

The Board decided to send notice to the Superintendent, through the Secretary, that all dogs other than poodles be destroyed, this with the understanding that, in case the regulation be found violated upon the next visit of the Board to the Settlement, a more stringent regulation shall be made.

President Smith read an arrangement made by Secretary Wilcox, setting forth requirements necessary in cattle for the Leprosy Settlement, these to be kept in mind by people sending in tenders for the supply of meat.

An application was received from Dr. Armistead for the position of physician at Mahukani Hospital, Wailuku, Maui. Placed on file.

In the matter of opium pills, President Smith said that he had seen the Customs authorities and had explained to them that it was the province of the Customs House to ascertain whether there was under or over 1½ per cent of opium in the pills. If the percentage was under, then the pills were not considered as opium or a preparation thereof. If over, a special permit would have to be issued. The analysis seemed to be a matter of compensation. Dr. Lyons was the one who used to attend to such work. The Board then talked over a proper person to do such analyzing.

Dr. Alvarez presented a report on the progress of the Kusatus baths at the Kailua Receiving Station. The Board granted Dr. Robert Wood a permit to visit the Leprosy Settlement for the purpose of studying leprosy.

## MORTUARY REPORT.

The total number of deaths reported for the month of August, 1897, was 51, distributed as follows:

Under 1 year.....10	From 30 to 40.....3
From 1 to 5.....4	From 40 to 50.....5
From 5 to 10.....2	From 50 to 60.....3
From 10 to 20.....3	From 60 to 70.....3
From 20 to 30.....12	Over 70.....2
Males.....30	Females.....21
Hawaiians.....20	Great Britain.....1
Chinese.....13	United States.....1
Portuguese.....5	Other nationalities.....0
Japanese.....4	
Total.....51	
Unattended.....15	
Non-Residents.....2	

## COMPARATIVE MONTHLY MORTALITY.

Aug. 1893.....46	Aug. 1896.....138
Aug. 1894.....57	Aug. 1897.....51
Aug. 1895.....51	

## CAUSE OF DEATH.

Abcess.....1	Inanition.....3
Alcoholism.....1	Isaemia.....1
Bronchitis.....1	Inflammation.....1
Burns.....1	Lung Trouble.....1
Cancer.....1	Nephritis.....1
Cholera Infantum.....3	Old age.....1
Consumption.....4	Paralysis.....3
Coronitis.....1	Peritonitis.....1
Unwound.....1	Pneumonia.....1
Dysentery.....1	Rheumatism.....1
Erysipelas.....1	Rupture.....1
Exhaustion.....1	Shock.....1
Fever.....1	Suicide.....1
Fracture of Skull.....1	Tetanus.....1
Gasgangrene.....1	Fever, Typhoid.....1
Heart Disease.....2	Unknown.....2
Hemorrhage.....2	Whooping Cough.....1

## DEATHS BY WARD.

Wards.....1 2 3 4 5	Out side.....1
Deaths.....5 5 15 4 16	

Annual death rate per 1000 for month 30.49  
Hawaiians.....27.13  
Asiatics.....20.49  
All other nationalities.....11.29  
C. B. REYNOLDS,  
Agent Board of Health

## NATURE SLOWLY MAKES READY.

You have probably never seen a volcano in eruption. It is a magnificent spectacle. Where do all those torrents of red-hot lava come from? Nobody can tell, except that they come from somewhere down deep in the earth. But one thing we know, namely, that eruptions of any one volcano are far apart. Between whiles Nature is getting ready for them; she is preparing for the tremendous demonstration.

Just so it is with all her processes. In the cold of winter she is arranging the forces which are to make the heat and the harvests of the following summer, and so on.

From May, 1890, to February, 1892, is a period of 21 months. The two dates will long remain clear in the mind of Mrs. Martha Bowles, of 182 Llangefelach Road, Morrilton, near Swansea. For the first was the beginning and the second the ending of an experience which was bad enough in itself, yet only the introduction to something vastly worse. It was like the time of getting ready for a great trouble to come.

Her first sense of this was indefinite and vague, like the low muttering of thunder below the horizon, while the skies are yet clear. She expresses it thus, in the very words most of us use on similar occasions: "I felt that something was wrong with me—something hanging over me."

Ah, dear me. How often we think such feelings are a warning sent to the spirit, when in fact they are caused entirely by the condition of our bodies. She felt heavy, languid and tired, and mentally depressed. This was not only melancholy to her but now, as she had always been strong and healthy, there could be no mistake about it. They are common enough, to be sure. Oh, yes. But isn't that all the more a reason why we should understand what they mean? "Certainly," you will say.

Well, then, there was that bad, offensive taste in the mouth, that so many of us have had; the failure of the appetite, and the pain in the chest and sides after eating. The worst pain was in the right side, where it was very heavy. That pointed to the liver, which is located on that side; and when anything ails the liver it is through the big water-wheel of a mill had got fixed so as not to turn round. For the liver does half a dozen kinds of work, and when it strikes work the rest of the organs take a sort of rainy holiday.

Presently her skin and the white of her eyes turned yellow as autumn leaves. That meant bile in the blood; the liver was off its duty; that is a

sure sign. The kidney secretion was the color of the blood, instead of a clear amber, which meant that the trouble had already reached those important organs. Then the stomach was upset and refused to take kindly to food—as though the miller sent your grain back, declining to grind it. She vomited a sour, bitter fluid, which was acid bile, away out of its proper track. On and on along this line, constantly getting further and further from the happy land of health; this was the history of those 21 months—all bad enough, yet all preparatory for worse ones.

"One day in February, 1892," she says in her letter of August 18th, 1893, "I began to have dreadful pain and cramp. It began in the right side, and extended across the stomach. For hours together I was in the greatest agony. What I suffered is past description. When the pain eased a little I was cold as death and shivered until the bed shook under me. I had hot iron plates applied to my feet, and held hot irons in my hands, but nothing gave me much relief. My stomach was so irritable that I could keep no food on it. I was now confined to my bed, and the doctor attending me said I was passing gall stones. He wanted me to go to Swansea Hospital and be operated upon, but I was afraid I might not live through it."

"I had two other doctors at Morrilton, and also three from Swansea, who all gave me medicines, and said nothing more could be done for me. For six months I lay in bed undergoing the greatest agony; never free from pain more than two or three hours at a time. During the whole of this time I was fed on nothing but milk and water. I had scarcely any life or strength left in me. All who saw me said I never could by any chance get better in this world."

"I lingered on like this until August, 1893, when my daughter brought me a book telling of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. In this book she read of a case like mine having been cured by this medicine. My husband got a bottle from Mr. Bevan, the chemist, and after taking a few doses I felt a little relief. I kept on with it and soon the pains left me, my appetite returned, and my food agreed with me. After taking the Syrup for three months I was a new creature and strong as ever. I can now eat anything, and nothing disagrees with me. After I was well our minister one day said: 'Mrs. Bowles, I never thought to see you alive.' I said: 'Mother Seigel's Syrup saved my life.' You may publish my case, and I will gladly answer inquiries. (Signed) MARTHA BOWLES."

This case—one of acute indigestion and dyspepsia, with liver and kidney complaints—is well known in the district. The lady's husband is a gardener, well known and respected.

Do we need to point out the moral of this wonderful cure? No. You can see it for yourself.

### Water Tanks;

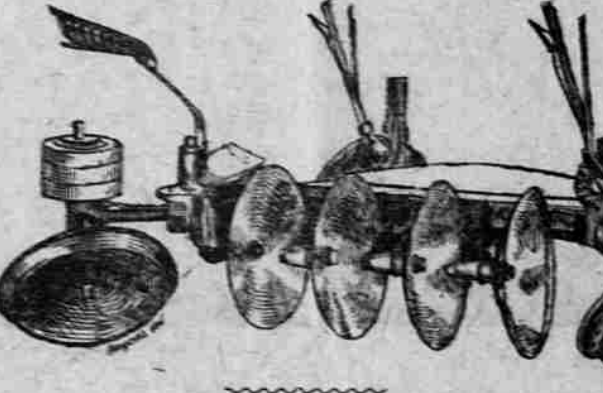
—The kind that do not shrink. We have them in all sizes; from 500 to 5,000 gallons, and larger ones we can get on short notice. Do not place an order for a tank without getting our prices. It will pay you to do so. Ask for a circular showing cut of Tank and giving prices and full information as to size and weight of each tank.

If you wish a WINDMILL to fill a tank with, we can furnish you the well known PERKINS in any size. Ask Mr. W. W. Diamond what he thinks of the "Perkins" Mill he has on his ranch at Niu.

We also have PUMPS of all sizes; from the small Lifting Pump to a large Wind Mill Pump; also Ship and Deck Force Pumps.

**E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.**

### The Spalding-Robbins 4-Disc Plow.



"Hilo Sugar Company.  
"Wainaku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.  
"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu.  
"Dear Sir—I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long ratoon land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.  
JOHN A. SCOTT,  
Manager."

HENRY WATERHOUSE. ARTHUR B. WOOD. HENRY WATERHOUSE, JR.

### HENRY WATERHOUSE & Co.

Insurance Agents, German-American Insurance Co. of New York.  
Plantation Agents, Union Assurance Society of London.  
Commission and GENERAL BUSINESS AGENTS.  
Hawaii Plantation, Late Practitioner, Gay & Robinson.

"We represent numerous individuals who live in Honolulu or on the other Islands, and it is our purpose to please our patrons at whatever cost to ourselves. If you desire responsible agents to look after your interests, and at a reasonable commission, we shall be pleased to interview you personally, or give immediate reply to correspondence on the subject."

**Henry Waterhouse & Co.**

ALEX. CHISHOLM. J. J. COUGHLIN.

### The Manufacturing Harness Co.

Telephone 223. FORT & KING STS. P. O. Box 322.



Our Hand Made  
**HAWAIIAN SADDLE!**  
With Genuine  
Hawaiian Tree.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's  
Hand Stamped Belts!

FULL LINE OF HARNESS HARDWARE.  
Bridles, Collars, Sponges and Horse Boots,  
Oils, Dressings, Whips, Robes, Etc.

"We carry none but the BEST GOODS—OUR OWN MANUFACTURE."

## H. Hackfeld &amp; Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

## DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF

Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.,

IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

## Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

Silvestas, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molekins, Meitons, Serge, Kammingans, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rings and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc. American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Cautic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burials, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing plates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Belts, Spikes and Fishplates.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks. Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

**H. HACKFELD & CO.**

## W. H. RICE,

## Stock Raiser

AND DEALER IN

Live Stock.

—BREEDER OF—

## Fine Horses and Cattle

Well-bred Fresh Milch Cows,

Young Sussex Bulls,

Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

California and Hawaiian Mules

FOR SALE.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-hand Teams of Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed—

**W. H. RICE,**

LILUAE, KAUAI.

## CLARKE'S

WORLD-FAMED

## Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema,

Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases,

and Sores of all kinds, its effects are

marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores,

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck,

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face,

Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face,

Cures Scrofula Sores,

Cures Cancerous Ulcers,

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases,

Cures Glandular Swellings,

Cures the Blood from all Impure Matter.

From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 10s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. PROPRIETORS, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CONTINENTAL DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

## WATER-COLOR

## MENU

## CARDS.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

50c and \$1.50 each.

MIRRORS,

Framed or unframed.

PICTURE WIRE,

ENAMEL PAINT,

FURNITURE POLISH,

TISSUE PAPER

AND

FLOWER MATERIALS,

PHOTO FRAMES.

## KING BROS.'

ART STORE.

110 HOTEL STREET.

SETH THOMAS

CLOCKS AND WATCHES

## FRANK J. KRUGER,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER.

## Waltham

## Watches!

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Prompt Attendance to All Orders.

**FRANK J. KRUGER,**

FORT STREET. HONOLULU.

## POWELL'S

## BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

"THE OXYGEN OF WASHINGTON'S VERGE writes:—"

"I was advised to try the Balsam of Aniseed; I did, and have found very great relief. It is most comforting in allaying irritation and giving strength to the voice."

"LOVELL BROOKS, Esq., the eminent actor writes:—"

"I think it an invaluable medicine for members of my profession, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister artists."

"Mr. THOMAS HUGHES, Chemist, Llandudno, October 1st, 1906, writes:—"

"I have used your Balsam of Aniseed for many years, and have found it to be a most reliable remedy for all the ailments of the throat and lungs."

"I COSENS THE PLEBISK IMMEDIATELY."

"NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED."

SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER.

See the words "Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London."

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824.

QUATERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND CAPE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s., 2s., 3s., and 4s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands:

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., LTD.

BENSON, SMITH & CO.

HOBBON DRUG CO.

**HEADS**

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

21 Post Street. San Francisco

FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering

Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

**CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS** Are warranted







## MATERNITY HOME

Rules and Regulations Recently Adopted by Board.

### WELL INFORMED PERSON SPEAKS

Thinks Clique is Trying to Run Affairs.

Mrs. Lemon Makes Answer to Letter—Thinks New Laws are Directed Against Her.

There was a local in this paper yesterday morning telling of the resignation of Mrs. Lemon from the position of Matron at Kapiolani Maternity Home, and the appointment in her place of Mrs. Clark. Simple as the statement may have seemed at the time, it appears that there has been a great deal of unpleasantness connected with it. The claim is made by certain members of the Board of Managers of the institution that they were disregarded in the matter of fixing up certain rules and regulations for the Home and the choice of a new Matron. It is further stated that there is a certain clique in the society that is trying to run affairs, not always to the greatest good of the Home, but to satisfy personal opinions. A short time ago the following rules and regulations for the Kapiolani Maternity Home were sent in to Mrs. Lemon, together with a little note:

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE KAPIOLANI MATERNITY HOME.

1. The Kapiolani Maternity Home is under the management of a Board of Directors, whose orders and instructions are carried out by the Matron, who has the immediate supervision and management of the Home.
2. The Matron, apart from her salary as determined by the Directors, is entitled to board and lodging for herself and her youngest daughter, her son to be allowed board and lodging at the Home upon the payment of the weekly sum of \$3.
3. The Matron is entitled to one free afternoon in each and every week, provided, however, that she find an efficient substitute to replace her during such absence.
4. All persons desiring of visiting either the Matron or any inmate of the Home are to be received in the office, and are not to be allowed free access to any other part of the premises; the Matron, however, to use her discretion in allowing friends or relatives of patients to visit them in their rooms, if deemed necessary.
5. No person or persons visiting either the Matron or any of the inmates are allowed to take any meals at the Home.
6. No visitor, friend or relative of either the Matron or any of the inmates is allowed to remain over night in the Home without special permission in the writing of one of the Directors of the institution.
7. The hours set apart for visitors are from 11 a. m. to 4 p. m., after which no visitor will be allowed on the premises, except by written permission of one of the Directors or the physician.
8. At 5 p. m. all lights are to be extinguished in the Home, excepting such night lights as may be necessary in the rooms occupied by patients.
9. The Home is open at any hour of the day or night to the inspection of any member of the Board of Directors. Having carefully considered the foregoing rules and regulations, I hereby promise faithfully to adhere to the same.

Mrs. Lemon refused to sign these rules and regulations, as they seemed to her not to be designed for the Home, but specially for her government. The Home, since its infancy, had been in her care, and her work there as Matron had never been complained about. She took upon herself duties that were not intended she should do at all. One thing else she did, the value of which cannot be lost sight of: She gave the natives confidence in the place, so that women were no longer afraid to go there. The first design of the institution was that it should be used for Hawaiian women. In response to the letter and the rules and regulations, Mrs. Lemon sent the following communication:

To the Board of Managers of the Honolulu and Honolulu Lahu Society:  
Ladies:—Your note of the 18th inst. inclosing rules and regulations governing the management of the Kapiolani Maternity Home duly received, and in reply will state that as to the rules affecting the attending physician I have nothing to say, as they do not affect my management of the Home.

As to those that directly affect me, I have examined carefully, and I beg leave to offer the following suggestions, requesting that you bear in mind that I was engaged by the Board to act as Matron of the Home, and that I do not desire nor will allow myself to be placed in the position or on the level of the lowest servant in the employ of the Board, and it is on this point that I take the most decided objection to certain sections of the rules, of which I will speak later on.

As to Article 2: If you will consult the minutes of the Board, dated November 18, 1890, you will find the following, which I copy verbatim: "Moved and seconded that Mrs. Lemon be asked to take the position of Matron of the Home, giving her the privilege of having her children with her." It seems to me that the above applies equally as well to my son as it does to my younger daughter, but as my objection to

this is based more particularly on the inference that others have been boarding at the Home at the expense of the Board I would state that such is not the case, as I have invariably bought their food, as the bills of the Home, as well as those of my own will clearly show.

As to Article 3: To this I object on the ground that what you call a "free afternoon" is not really such as I would be compelled to hire a substitute at my own expense, provided I desired to take one afternoon off, something that even the servants are not obliged to do, and as to what the Board might consider an efficient substitute I do not know, for I know of no one competent to take my place at short notice. I have now been acting as Matron for nearly seven years, and in that time do not remember a time when I have left the Home without leaving someone in charge or that I have not been within telephone call.

As to Article 7: This section will work a great hardship on those women whose husbands are laboring men, in that it totally debar them from seeing their husbands, who are employed between the hours of 11 a. m. and 4 p. m., and will react on the success of the Home to such an extent as to cripple it. I would suggest that the hours be from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. Furthermore, this article prohibits me from having any of my friends come in of an evening, a matter that I feel obliged to insist on, and which you will readily perceive is not unreasonable.

As to Article 8: On the supposition that even the light that I may require in my own rooms is included in this, I ask that the matter of extinguishing the light actually required by me be left to my own discretion.

Finally, I would call to your attention the fact that I was employed as Matron and not as a nurse and general servant, but that I have, ever since my appointment, been acting as such, and it occurs to me that perhaps it would be for the best interests of the Home if you would authorize me to employ a nurse when required, or that such extra compensation be allowed me if I perform such work. As it is at present, I am obliged, when there are patients in the Home, to be up many nights, and the opportunity of resting is very slight, particularly as I have no one to leave in charge when I am taking needed rest. Furthermore, it occurs to me that the most of these rules and regulations are aimed at me rather than made for the best conduct of the Home, as I am not aware of a single instance where I have not conducted the Home on practically the lines as laid out by you, and if you have any information to the contrary I am ready for an investigation, and feel that it is due me as a mere matter of justice. I have been led to suppose that there had been some dissatisfaction with my management, but you may remember that on two separate occasions have I tendered my resignation, which has never been acted upon. The Home has always been open to inspection by any member of the Board, and if there has been any breach of any rules, it seems to me that I should have been informed of it and given an opportunity to explain, but such opportunity has not been allowed me, and I am in the dark as to what the trouble might be with my management.

Trusting that you will consider my statement of my idea of these rules as being only reasonable and just, I remain yours truly, MRS. LEMON.

A lady, who is interested in matters in connection with the Maternity Home, spoke as follows yesterday: "I cannot see but what there is an effort on the part of a certain number of members of the society against others. If true, it is a pitiable state of affairs when, as a matter of fact, each should be lending a shoulder to the wheel and all pushing in the same direction. I may say it looks to me as if the foreign members are now trying to run matters and as if they wish to weed out the native Hawaiian members. Such work as that would never result in good. The Home was first designed for natives, and natives should have something to say regarding its management."

"The getting rid of Mrs. Lemon's services might have been done in a different way. Her resignation could easily have been asked for. Instead of that a number of rules and regulations for the institution were drawn up and sent to Mrs. Lemon, who is asked at the end to agree to them and sign her name."

"She could not accept the conditions and signified her intention to resign. No complaint had been made to her regarding the management of the institution. I will not expatiate on the rules and regulations, but will simply lay the matter before the public for a fair-minded decision."

"Certainly if the rules and regulations are carried into effect, which I do not think will happen, natives will not go to the institution, and its purpose will be lost. I may have more to say about the matter at another time."

#### AUSTIN SUSPENDED.

Kauai Teacher to Rest During Minister Cooper's Investigation.

At the regular weekly session of the Commissioners of Education yesterday afternoon there were present the following: President Cooper, Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, Mrs. E. W. Jordan, Inspector-General Townsend, Deputy Inspector-General T. H. Gibson, Professor Alexander, W. A. Bowen. Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The Teachers' Committee reported the resignation of S. Amalu of Ala School. Accepted. George J. Kauihau was appointed in his place. The resignation of J. L. Paoo from Kipahulu School was accepted and Nicholas Hoopii appointed in his place.

The resignation of Mrs. F. E. Atwater from her recent school was accepted, and her husband appointed to her place.

month, pending investigation into certain charges made against him. This he had done and had appointed to his place for the period of one month C. E. Copeland, with Mrs. Austin in her old place as assistant. President Cooper further reported that it was his intention to go to Kauai on September 16th to investigate the charges made.

President Cooper read a letter from Mrs. Whitely & Nichols, asking that Kallalea, a school teacher of Hana, Maui, be allowed to stay over a week on account of serious complications with his teeth and jaws. This leave of absence was granted.

President Cooper read a letter from J. L. Dumas, in which he acknowledges the receipt of the letter ordering him to leave his present cottage on the High School grounds. It would mean a loss of about \$25 a month if he were forced to move out.

There was much discussion on the point as to whether Mr. Dumas was or was not entitled to any further consideration. Mr. Bowen spoke somewhat on the side of Mr. Dumas, and moved that \$25 per month be added to his salary. This was seconded by Professor Alexander, with the amendment that this last until January 1st.

President Cooper said that the more he thought about the matter the more he objected to the whole thing. All punishment would be removed. Mr. Bowen still felt that it would be an injustice to Mr. Dumas to turn him out of the cottage without an addition being put with his salary to make up for the loss.

The motion was then voted on. Mr. Bowen answered aye and the remaining Commissioners remained silent. When asked why they did not vote, the reply came that they were not very clear in their minds about the matter.

President Cooper then announced that all those who had refused to vote would, strictly according to parliamentary law, be counted in the affirmative. However, he did not feel willing to pass the motion on the one vote.

Mr. Townsend brought up the question as to the effect of the action of the Commissioners upon the school. Mr. Bowen was sure there would be a temporary disadvantage.

Professor Alexander then gave his vote in the affirmative, with Mr. Bowen and Mrs. Dillingham and Mrs. Jordan voted aye. President Cooper cast the deciding vote, and the motion was lost.

A petition from the residents of Kapaeha, Puna, asked for the removal of the teacher at that place and the appointment of a certain competent young lady. The matter was referred to the School Agent at Puna.

Mary Chang Kim wrote the Board, asking for a leave of absence for the whole of the fall term, this on account of illness. The Commissioners granted this, with the understanding that she receive one-third of her regular stipend, and that two-thirds be paid the substitute.

An application from a friend of Miss Mattie Johnson of Los Angeles, asking that the latter be considered an applicant for a position as teacher, was read and placed on file.

A communication was received from Miss Rebecca Thompson, asking that she be granted a four-months' leave of absence. Granted.

A communication was received from Mr. Edgar Wood of the High School, asking that he be allowed to use the cottage, recently occupied by J. L. Dumas and family. The Commissioners granted this request, with the understanding that this be not considered as a raise in salary.

The Commissioners adjourned at 4:45 p. m.

#### WILL WEAR RED.

Staff Officers to Adopt Uniform of British Soldiers.

"Our Constitution is built upon the same lines as that of the United States and our immigration laws are being twisted so as to conform as nearly as possible to those of the Government to which we hope to be annexed," said an officer of the National Guard last night, "but when it comes to uniforms for the President's staff, the pattern used in the United States is not good enough, and they must have the regular Tommy Atkins sort, don't you know. And yet we are to be annexed to the United States in December."

"The officers on the President's staff are to have the British uniform, and we of the line are to be content with the plain, every-day uniforms of United States Army officers, so we may be distinguished from the men on the President's staff. Just there we kick. What's the matter with our having yellow flannel surtouts and black braid? It might be a little on the Asiatic order, but that would not count. China is no further from Hawaii than England, and in adopting that color, with perhaps a dragon on the back of the coat, we would be showing our independence, and at the same time we could conciliate the Chinamen. If one set of officers are to have one color or style of coat, I do not see why the others should not have the same. The men, too, should be dressed in British red coats and be given a short cane when off duty. They would look like real English soldiers, then, and I believe would create a favorable annexation impression. Bah!"

Another gentleman, so thoroughly American and democratic in his ideas, waxed very warm over the proposition. Said he: "It's the worst rot I ever heard of."

"It's the worst rot I ever heard of," said the other gentleman, "but when it comes to uniforms for the President's staff, the pattern used in the United States is not good enough, and they must have the regular Tommy Atkins sort, don't you know. And yet we are to be annexed to the United States in December."

"The officers on the President's staff are to have the British uniform, and we of the line are to be content with the plain, every-day uniforms of United States Army officers, so we may be distinguished from the men on the President's staff. Just there we kick. What's the matter with our having yellow flannel surtouts and black braid? It might be a little on the Asiatic order, but that would not count. China is no further from Hawaii than England, and in adopting that color, with perhaps a dragon on the back of the coat, we would be showing our independence, and at the same time we could conciliate the Chinamen. If one set of officers are to have one color or style of coat, I do not see why the others should not have the same. The men, too, should be dressed in British red coats and be given a short cane when off duty. They would look like real English soldiers, then, and I believe would create a favorable annexation impression. Bah!"

Another gentleman, so thoroughly American and democratic in his ideas, waxed very warm over the proposition. Said he: "It's the worst rot I ever heard of."

"It's the worst rot I ever heard of," said the other gentleman, "but when it comes to uniforms for the President's staff, the pattern used in the United States is not good enough, and they must have the regular Tommy Atkins sort, don't you know. And yet we are to be annexed to the United States in December."

"The officers on the President's staff are to have the British uniform, and we of the line are to be content with the plain, every-day uniforms of United States Army officers, so we may be distinguished from the men on the President's staff. Just there we kick. What's the matter with our having yellow flannel surtouts and black braid? It might be a little on the Asiatic order, but that would not count. China is no further from Hawaii than England, and in adopting that color, with perhaps a dragon on the back of the coat, we would be showing our independence, and at the same time we could conciliate the Chinamen. If one set of officers are to have one color or style of coat, I do not see why the others should not have the same. The men, too, should be dressed in British red coats and be given a short cane when off duty. They would look like real English soldiers, then, and I believe would create a favorable annexation impression. Bah!"

An American colony, practically, sending an attaché to England with the Commissioner to the Queen's Jubilee, and have him so impressed with the gorgeousness of the uniforms of the British officers in the Jubilee parade that he must run away to the nearest tailor and have one made. The American officers' uniforms are good enough for any one, and those who do not care to wear it should be relegated to the line where men dress in black coats and straw hats. The uniform of the private soldiers is made after the pattern of the United States Regulars, and was made so for the reason that annexation was probable and the militia would be right in line in the matter of clothing. Now that annexation is nearer a fact than it ever was, the staff officers adopt the uniform of the British. Somebody should be called down promptly."

#### Kusatsu Baths.

Just recently the Kusatsu baths were instituted at the Kaili Leper Receiving Station, and now a number of boys are being treated daily. Dr. Alvarez started the baths but, since he is about to leave, Dr. Emerson has been placed in charge and will conduct the baths. The duration of these is three minutes, and the temperature is gradually raised from 110 deg. F. to 115 deg. F. Each litre of the water contains the following: 0.2280 grammes sulphate of iron, 0.2580 grammes sulphate of calcium, 1.1800 grammes sulphate of aluminium, 0.2990 grammes sulphate of magnesium, 0.4200 grammes sodium and potassium, 0.8532 grammes hydrochloric acid and 1.3392 grammes sulphuric acid.

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

"Advertised letter" list in this issue.

Charles Wilcox will occupy the pulpit in Kawaiaha Church Sunday evening.

Tenders for beef cattle are called for by the Board of Health up to 12 noon, September 22d.

The mass meeting of natives to be held on Palace Square, has been postponed until Monday.

Preserve your health by the use of Malt Nutrine. Hollister Drug Company, sole agents for these islands.

According to private advices, Z. S. Spaulding has invested a large amount of money in the beet-sugar industry in California.

J. F. Humburg of the firm of H. Hackfeld & Co., returned on the Peru yesterday after an absence of nearly five months.

The sale of the Hawaiian Hotel premises will take place at the front entrance of the Executive building on Friday, October 1st, at 12 noon.

Mrs. C. B. Cooper gave a luncheon to a number of ladies at her home, Hotel street, Wednesday. The table was very prettily decorated and the luncheon delightful.

Before J. G. Gibson left Waimea to take up his position here as Deputy Inspector of Schools, the townspeople there presented him with a handsome gold watch and chain.

Mrs. Lemon has resigned the position of matron at the Kapiolani Maternity Home, and her place has been filled by Mrs. Caroline Clark. Mrs. Lemon has been matron of the home for several



## In the... Rain Storm

the man got very wet. The wetting gave him a cold. The cold, neglected, developed to a cough. The cough sent him to a bed of sickness. A dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, taken at the start, would have nipped the cold in the bud and saved the sickness, suffering, and expense. The household remedy for colds, coughs, and all lung troubles, is

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PREPARED BY  
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,  
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.  
Gold Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:  
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY  
Limited.

### Vapo-Cresolene

Cures while you Sleep

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds.

Cresolene when vaporized in the sick room will give immediate relief. Its curative powers are wonderful, at the same time preventing the spread of contagious diseases by acting as a powerful disinfectant, harmless to the youngest child. Sold by druggists. Valuable booklet free.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., HONOLULU, M. I. Agents.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.  
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

## DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,  
Agents, Honolulu, M. I.

years, and those who know her and the work she has done feel that the Home is losing a valuable woman.

News was received by the Peru yesterday that Walter Dillingham was much improved at the time of the departure of the steamer, but that an operation was necessary.

Japanese Minister Shimamura was confined to his room nearly all of last week by a severe attack of rheumatism, and, while feeling better last night, he was by no means a well man.

Hollister & Co. have been appointed by the John Bollen & Co. as their distributing agents for "Imperial," "Sports" and "Sultan's" cigarettes. Hand-made and wrapped in male paper.

Messrs. H. Hackfeld & Co. are offering Schlitz Milwaukee beer for \$12 a barrel, six dozen quarts, and \$6.50 for a case of three dozen quarts. Also, all kinds of wines at correspondingly low prices.

A large photograph of United States Minister Sewall is attracting a great deal of attention in the windows of the Davey Photographic Company. The pose and expression are absolutely perfect.

Joseph Marsden and Bruce Cartwright will leave for Vancouver on the Warrimoo today. They will go to Banff and Ottawa, Canada, and will return by way of the States, spending in all about three months.

William Soper, who came from the States recently, has gone to the new Oahu Plantation to assist in erecting the new pumps. Mr. Soper is studying engineering, and will probably return to the States at the end of the year for the purpose of completing his course.

## DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

We are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.  
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coll.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.  
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coll.; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coll.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.  
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coll., and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.  
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.  
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.  
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND  
HONOLULU.

## LEWIS & CO.

Lewis & Co.

Have never had greater variety nor better quality of fine foods for the every day table and for dinner giving than now.

The world pays tribute to the aesthetic tastes of the dwellers of Hawaii through this store.

The price of a thing is generally what it is worth, competition requires that; the higher the price, the better the quality as a rule; price doesn't always guarantee quality, the reputation of the seller counts.

Send for our catalogue and see what we can sell you.

For instance our Lewis Hams and Bacon.

We guarantee our prices as low as the lowest and quality the best. Is and orders solicited. Country customers are assured of paying the same prices as those resident in the city of Honolulu. Intelligent and appreciative persons will refuse substitutes, when they can buy the original.

Tea is an article which is daily consumed by millions.

Success in tea brewing can only be assured by using Lewis' Own importations of Ceylon-India, China and Japan Teas.

Send for our catalogue. Mailed FREE on application.

## LEWIS & CO.

GROCERS. Fort Street, Honolulu.



## ALL THE FAMILY ENJOYS IT

Plays your own selection of tunes. Over 1,000 tunes to select from.

THE BEST MUSIC BOX MADE.

We have just received a new invoice of the several styles. Write for Catalogue and prices.

## Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

#### OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

## H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

## Pacific Well Boring Co. (LIMITED.)

PLANTATION AND LAND OWNERS, MERCHANTS and others who contemplate boring wells, will serve their own interests by consulting the above Company.

Estimates furnished. Charges strictly moderate. Faithful work guaranteed. Tel. 665. P. O. Box 475.

HENRY ST. GOAR. EDWARD POLLITZ. Members Stock and Bond Exchange

## EDWARD POLLITZ & COMPANY

COMMISSION BROKERS AND DEALERS IN INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Particular attention given to purchase and sale of Hawaiian sugar stock.

Bullion and Exchange. Loans Negotiated. Eastern and Foreign Stock and Bonds.

403 California St. - San Francisco, Cal.



# M'STOCKER IS IN BY AUTHORITY.

Commissioned Collector-General of Customs.

J. F. CLAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR

L. K. McGrew, Supt. Postal Savings Bank.

Changes Made Today—No Successor to McGrew Named—Faithfulness Rewarded.

Frank B. McStocker will assume the duties of Collector-General of Customs, succeeding James B. Castle, resigned. He was strongly recommended for the position by the retiring Collector-General on account of his capability. He has been Deputy Collector of the port since the present Govern-



COLLECTOR-GENERAL M'STOCKER

ment came into power, and has given great satisfaction to the department and the business community.

Mr. McStocker is a native of Philadelphia, and after receiving his education in one of the military academies in Pennsylvania, he entered the service of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company as a cadet, and was assigned to one of the steamers running between San Francisco and Panama.

On retiring from the sea Mr. McStocker took up his residence in San Francisco and immediately became identified with local politics. He was appointed to positions in the Custom House and Post Office in San Francisco and acceptably filled them until 1883, when he resigned and came to Honolulu. He entered the Customs Service here about 12 years ago, holding the position of Storekeeper, until Mr. Castle was appointed Collector-General, at which time he was promoted to the Deputyship, made vacant by the retirement of Mr. Boardman. He is prominent in politics here, and is looked upon as a leader. He was the organizer of the Citizens' Guard here, and has the reputation of looking after his friends. When the Association Club was organized and some one was needed to bring order out of chaos, F. B. McStocker was made chairman of the Executive Committee, at whose hands the matter of reorganization was satisfactorily accomplished.

J. Fred Clay, who succeeds Mr. McStocker as Deputy Collector, came here from New Zealand some years ago. When the Kahuku Plantation was organized he was made bookkeeper, remaining there until 1894, when he resigned and came to Honolulu and purchased a half interest with F. L. Hoogs in the Paradise of the Pacific. After the revolution of 1895 Mr. Clay disposed of his interest to Mr. Hoogs and was afterwards appointed on the clerical force in the Custom House. When Mr. Johnson retired from the Post Office Savings Bank Mr. Clay was appointed Superintendent to succeed him. His duties as Deputy Collector will not be altogether new to him, as his experience in the other departments of the office frequently brought him in contact with Mr. McStocker. He is an excellent accountant, thoroughly upright and well qualified for the place. The vacancy in the Post Office, caused by Mr. Clay's retirement, will be filled by Louis K. McGrew, who, until yesterday, was assistant to Deputy Collector McStocker. This is a promotion for Mr. McGrew, and the position is one which he is abundantly qualified to fill. No successor has been yet named to take Mr. McGrew's place in the Custom House, and no appointment will be made until the Collector-General and his Deputy have time to consider.

Owing to over-crowding and bad ventilation, the air of a school room is often close and impure, and teachers and pupils frequently suffer from lung and throat troubles. To all such we would say, try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For coughs, colds, weak lungs and bronchial troubles no other remedy can compare with it. Says A. C. Freed, Superintendent of Schools, Prairie Depot, Ohio: "Having some knowledge of the efficacy of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, I have no hesitation in recommending it to all who suffer from coughs, lung troubles, etc." For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

## ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Honolulu, July 28, 1897.

In accordance with Article 39 of the Constitution, notice is hereby given that a general Election for Representatives will be held throughout the Republic between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, the 29th day of September, 1897.

The Election Districts, Voting Precincts, Polling Places and Inspectors of Election are as follows:

### FIRST DISTRICT.

Hilo, Puna and Hamakua, Hawaii.

1st Precinct: All the districts of Puna, excepting Keau and Olaa. Voting place: Pohio Court House.

Inspectors: H. J. Lyman, H. Rycroft, Richard Lyman.

2d Precinct: The lands of Keau and Olaa, in Puna, and that portion of Hilo extending from the boundary of Puna to the bed of the Honouliuli Gulch. Voting place: Court House in Hilo.

Inspectors: G. K. Wilder, G. W. A. Hapai, W. A. Hardy.

3d Precinct: Extending from the bed of Honouliuli Gulch to the bed of the Kawaiunui Gulch. Voting place: Papaikou School House.

Inspectors: G. E. Thrum, R. T. Forrest, A. F. Linder.

4th Precinct: Extending from the bed of the Kawaiunui Gulch to the bed of the Wai-kaumalo Gulch. Voting place: Honouliuli School House.

Inspectors: J. K. Dillon, W. D. Schmidt, B. B. Macy.

5th Precinct: Extending from the bed of the Wai-kaumalo Gulch to the bed of the Kaula Gulch. Voting place: Court House, Laupahoehoe.

Inspectors: Wm. G. Walker, E. W. Barnard, Richard Ivers.

6th Precinct: Extending from the bed of the Kaula Gulch to the bed of the Kalopa Gulch (Kaliu Gulch). Voting place: Kaohoe School House.

Inspectors: A. Lidgegate, Robert Horner.

7th Precinct: Extending from the bed of the Kalopa Gulch to the bed of the Malanahae Gulch. Voting place: Honokaa Court House.

Inspectors: F. S. Clinton, Edwin Thomas, M. V. Holmes.

8th Precinct: Extending from the bed of the Malanahae Gulch to the boundary of Kohala. Voting place: School House, Kukuiahae.

Inspectors: Wm. Horner, George Koch, L. R. Medeiros.

### SECOND DISTRICT.

Kohala, Kona and Kau, Island of Hawaii.

1st Precinct: Consisting of North Kohala. Polling place: Kohala Court House.

Inspectors: W. P. McDougall, G. P. Tulloch, L. Haina.

2d Precinct: Consisting of South Kohala. Polling place: Waimea Court House.

Inspectors: W. S. Vredenberg, J. Crowley, H. Akona.

3d Precinct: South Kohala to the north boundary of Holualoa. Voting place: Court House, Kallua.

Inspectors: George Clark, S. Haasio, Thomas Aiu.

4th Precinct: North boundary of Holualoa to and including Keel, South Kona. Voting place: School House, Konawaena.

Inspectors: Wm. Wright, Jr., D. P. Namanu, R. Wassman.

5th Precinct: From south boundary of Keel to north boundary of Kau. Voting place: Court House, Hookona.

Inspectors: T. K. R. Amalu, D. Z. Naahlelus, J. S. Kauwa.

6th Precinct: From the boundary between South Kona and Kau to the westerly boundary of Punaluu. Polling place: Wai-ohinu Court House.

Inspectors: J. H. Waipuilani, W. J. Yates, O. K. Apihi.

7th Precinct: The remainder of the District of Kau. Polling place: Pahala School House.

Inspectors: W. P. Fennell, Ikaaka, G. W. Paty.

### THIRD DISTRICT.

Islands of Maui, Molokai and Lanai.

1st Precinct: That portion of Molokai consisting of Kalawao and Kalaupapa. Polling place: Kalaupapa Store House.

Inspectors: J. A. Magoon, W. C. Wilder, Jr., M. I. Sylva.

2d Precinct: The remainder of the island of Molokai. Polling place: Pukoo Court House.

Inspectors: Geo. Trimble, H. Manase, A. Kamai.

3rd Precinct: The district of Lahaina and the Island of Lanai. Polling place: Lahaina Court House.

Inspectors: Henry Dickenson, A. N. Hayselden, W. J. Sheldon.

4th Precinct: District of Kaanapali. Polling place: Honokahua School House.

Inspectors: R. C. Searle, David Taylor, Jr., David Kapuku.

5th Precinct: Consisting of that portion of Wailuku lying north of the sand hills, including Waihee and the Island of Kahoolawe. Polling place: Wailuku Court House.

Inspectors: Goodale Armstrong, D. L. Myers, W. T. Robinson.

6th Precinct: The remaining portion of the district of Wailuku, excepting the district of Honouliuli. Polling place: Custom House, Kahului.

Inspectors: E. H. Bailey, W. O. Aiken.

7th Precinct: The district of Honouliuli. Polling place: Honouliuli Court House.

Inspectors: J. M. Napulou, G. K. Kunukau, S. E. Kaleikau.

8th Precinct: All that portion of said district known as Kala and that portion of the land of Hamakua lying south and west of the Maliko Valley and mauka of a line drawn along the center of the road running from Kaluanui to the Makawao Jail, and a line drawn in extension thereof. Polling place: Makawao Court House.

Inspectors: F. W. Hardy, Geo. Forsyth, Manuel Cabral.

9th Precinct: The remainder of the district of Makawao to the Gulch of Oopulua. Polling place: Hamakua School House.

Inspectors: W. F. Mossman, W. E. Shaw, P. N. Kahokuakalani.

10th Precinct: Kahikini, Kaupo and Kipahulu. Polling place: School House, Kipahulu.

Inspectors: Patrick McLean, W. B. Starkey, J. K. Pimamau.

11th Precinct: From Kipahulu to and including Makapuu. Polling place: Hana Court House.

Inspectors: F. Wittrock, J. Grunwald, B. K. Kaiwalea.

12th Precinct: District of Koolau to the Gulch of Oopulua. Polling place: School House, Kanae.

Inspectors: James P. Saunders, D. W. Napihaa, G. W. Kalohai.

### FOURTH DISTRICT.

All that portion of the Island of Oahu lying East and South of Nuuanu Street, and a line drawn in extension thereof from the Nuuanu Pali to Mokapu Point.

1st Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 2d and 3rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets. Polling place: Royal School.

Inspectors: J. M. Vilas, James Nott, Jr., T. P. Cummins.

2d Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 1st and 3rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets. Polling place: Kapuwa building.

Inspectors: Alex. Lyle, G. W. R. King, D. Logan.

3d Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 2d and 3rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: Bell Tower.

Inspectors: Henry Smith, W. L. Eaton, J. M. Camara, Jr.

4th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in the judicial and taxation district of Koolau, and lying east and south of a line drawn from the Nuuanu Pali to Mokapu Point. Polling place: School House, Waimanalo.

Inspectors: Wm. Henry, E. P. Aikue, Frank Paha.

5th Precinct: The judicial and taxation district of Koolau. Polling place: Koolauloa Court House.

Inspectors: C. H. Judd, W. K. Rathburne, J. H. Barenaba.

6th Precinct: The judicial and taxation district of Wailua. Polling place: Wailua Court House.

Inspectors: Edward Hore, Frank Halstead, Alfred Kall.

7th Precinct: The judicial and taxation district of Wailanae. Polling place: Wailanae Court House.

Inspectors: Sam'l Andrews, G. W. Nawaakoa, Isala Hualalani.

8th Precinct: All that portion of the judicial and taxation district of Ewa, comprising in the lands of Hoaea and Honouliuli. Polling place: Reading Room, Ewa Plantation.

Inspectors: H. J. Gallagher, D. B. Murdock, Joseph Fernandez.

9th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and lying between the westerly boundary of the First Precinct and a line drawn as follows: viz: From the foot of South street along South, King and Alapai streets, and from the head of Alapai street to the flagpole on the old battery on Punchbowl; thence to and along the ridge on the easterly side of Pauoa Valley to the summit of the mountain. Polling place: Beretania Street School House.

Inspectors: J. A. Magoon, W. C. Wilder, Jr., M. I. Sylva.

10th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and lying between the westerly boundary of the Second Precinct and Nuuanu street, and mauka of School street and a line drawn from the junction of School and Punchbowl streets to the flag pole on the old battery on Punchbowl. Polling place: Building at entrance to lower reservoir grounds, Nuuanu avenue.

Inspectors: W. H. Hoogs, J. D. Holt, F. P. McIntyre.

11th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 10th and 12th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

12th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 11th and 13th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

13th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 12th and 14th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

14th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 13th and 15th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

15th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 14th and 16th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

16th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 15th and 17th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

17th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 16th and 18th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

18th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 17th and 19th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

19th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 18th and 20th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

20th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 19th and 21st Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

21st Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 20th and 22nd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

22nd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 21st and 23rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

23rd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 22nd and 24th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

24th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 23rd and 25th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

25th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 24th and 26th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

26th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 25th and 27th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

27th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 26th and 28th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

28th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 27th and 29th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

29th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 28th and 30th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

30th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 29th and 31st Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

31st Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 30th and 32nd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

32nd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 31st and 33rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

33rd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 32nd and 34th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

34th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 33rd and 35th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

35th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 34th and 36th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

36th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 35th and 37th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

37th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 36th and 38th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

38th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 37th and 39th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

39th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 38th and 40th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

40th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 39th and 41st Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

41st Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 40th and 42nd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

42nd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 41st and 43rd Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

43rd Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 42nd and 44th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

44th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 43rd and 45th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

45th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 44th and 46th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

46th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 45th and 47th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.

47th Precinct: All that portion of said district comprising in Honolulu or Kona, and bounded by the 46th and 48th Precincts, Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and the harbor. Polling place: China Engine House.

Inspectors: J. Effinger, Aki K. Akau, Henry Davis.



## BRAIN SURGERY

Wonderful Operation Performed by Dr. Kobayashi.

Little Ethel Austin Successfully Treated for Jacksonian Epilepsy.

The successful operation performed on the little 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Austin has opened the eyes of many people to the giant strides surgery has made in the last few years.

In a chat with Mr. Austin, a reporter for this paper learned the following:

About two and a half years ago their little daughter, Ethel, received a severe blow on the head, and from that time has been subject to severe epileptic fits, affecting the whole of the left side of the body, and increasing in severity and number till last June, when they numbered as high as 20 per day.

In July of this year Mr. Austin took his little girl to Dr. S. Kobayashi, who found the cause of the trouble was centered in the brain and due to irritation in the arm center in the right side of the cerebral cortex.

On the 14th of July Dr. Kobayashi performed an operation by cutting an opening about three inches by two in the skull, and after opening the dura mater, or thick membrane protecting it, removed a portion of the brain. The operation lasted one hour and a quarter and was eminently successful in every way.

The fits have entirely left the child and today she is running about as well and happy as any on the islands.

### IN CONVENTION.

One Man Doubts Qualifications of Candidates.

"You think we were turned down in our precinct because a favorite before the primaries were held was not nominated. What can you expect when people remain away because they think some one will appear with the candidates' names written on his cuff, and there is no use of opposing him. A greater mistake was never made, and if the operations at the convention are to be conducted on the same general plan, every business man in town will have to get on the streets and work to elect good representatives.

"The idea that we are to sit down and let any one get nominated who is in with the push and when nominated be elected simply because people do not go out to the polls is sheer nonsense. It is as necessary today to put educated men in the Legislature as it ever was, and it is likewise every voter's duty to see that such men are elected. If our party does not nominate men who will have the support and confidence of the business community, then independent candidates of good standing should be elected. We have the timber in the party, and while there are good men, poor ones should be given the cold shoulder.

"This feeling that there is no use trying is what has kept the Portuguese from registering, and this fact proves to me that they are without a leader. No politician, through petty spite, the result of a fancied grievance, would advise his followers to such a course, and no sensible man would have acted under such advice. While we are without opposing political parties, the election sits down to an opposition to individuals, and voters may select their favorite and elect him. With the native population, entitled to vote on taking the oath to the Government, the complexion of the next Legislature would be materially changed, but bad advisers kept them from registering and deprived them of their right of franchise—the Government did not do it—and the result is only a small native vote will be polled.

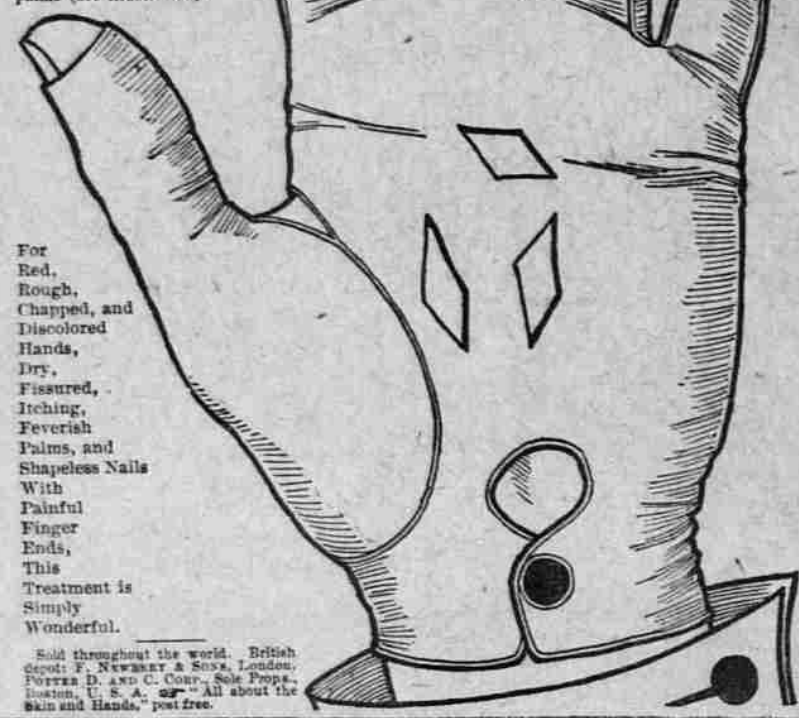
"From what I can learn the men who want to be candidates before the Nominating Convention, some of the good independent candidates will not suffer defeat, if the people will exercise their right to vote. Aleck Robertson, of course, will be a party candidate, and will be elected, but I cannot say so much for some of the others whose names I have heard mentioned. Just wait until the nominations are made; the people will have a day or two to think over them and decide whether they are the proper persons to go to the Legislature. If they decide in the negative, independent candidates will spring up like mushrooms."

This man is looked upon as a party man and a warm supporter of the Government, but he is a business man and feels that his interests must be protected. Just who he referred to as possible candidates could not be learned. He may be disgruntled and every one may appear unfitted, in his opinion. One thing seems certain, and that is that the American Union party will not weaken its organization or influence by the support of men for the Legislature whose records are not the best or who do not hold the confidence of the people. Nothing will create discord quicker than an attempt to foist upon the public men who are not eminently qualified in every way to perform the duties of a legislator. Tammany methods are not wanted here and are not needed.

"My boy came from school one day with his hand badly lacerated and bleeding, and suffering great pain," says Mr. E. J. Schall, with Myer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. "I dressed the wound and applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely. All pain ceased, and in a remarkably short time it healed without leaving a scar. For wounds, sprains, swellings and rheumatism I know of no medicine or prescription equal to it. I consider it a household necessity." For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

## SOFT WHITE HANDS IN A SINGLE NIGHT

Bathe and soak the hands on resting in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry them thoroughly, anoint freely with CUTICURA, great-est of emollients and skin cures. Wear, during the night, old, loose gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air holes cut in palms (see illustration).



For Red, Rough, Chapped, and Discolored Hands, Dry, Fissured, Itching, Feverish Palms, and Shapeless Nails With Painful Finger Ends, This Treatment is Simply Wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. British Agents: F. A. Schaefer & Co., Ltd., London. Forra D. and C. Corp., San Francisco, U.S.A. All about the Skin and Hands, post free.

## ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

### AGENT FOR

THE MURRELLS, WATSON & YARYAN CO., LD.

Sugar Machinery.

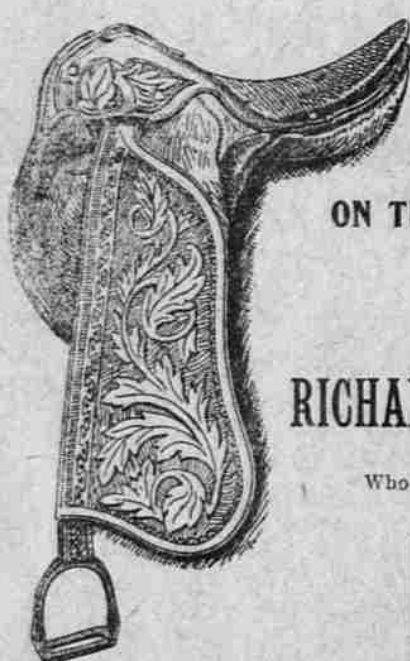
WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO. Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), LD. Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RISON IRON WORKS. General Engineering.

MARCUS MASON & CO. Coffee and Rice Machinery.

J. HARRISON CARTER. Disintegrators.



## For Prices

ON THE ORIGINAL OF THIS SADDLE

—SEND TO—

RICHARDS & SCHOEN,

Who also carry the Most Complete line of

Harness and Saddlery

On the islands. Mail or Telephone Orders receive prompt attention.

Only skilled labor is employed in the manufacture of our goods.

## Richards & Schoen

—HILO, HAWAII—

G. N. WILCOX, President.

J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.

E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.

T. MAY, Auditor.

## Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

## Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER, SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist. All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect. For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AYERDAM, Manager

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

## NO-TO-BAC GUARANTEED CURE

Over 1,000,000 boxes sold. 300,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak impotent man strong, vigorous and magnetic. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Hurt and Smoke Your Life Away." written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

## Read the Hawaiian Gazette

## Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Goods.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

CASTLE & COOKE LTD. IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF BOSTON.

Etna Fire Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000  
Total reinsurance 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reinsurance companies 8,850,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000  
Total reinsurance 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss of damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

J. S. WALKER, General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company, Alliance Assurance Company, Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELM OF MADGEBURG INSURANCE COMPANY.

Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada, Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H.I.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd. AGENTS FOR

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LD., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1896, £12,054,558.  
1. Authorized Capital—£2,000,000  
Subscribed ..... 2,750,000  
Paid up Capital ..... 687,500 0 0  
2. Fire Funds ..... 2,650,580 15 0  
3. Life and Annuity Funds ..... 9,604,182 2 8  
£12,054,182 14 8  
Revenue Fire Branch ..... 1,077,028 17 9  
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches ..... 1,404,507 9 11  
£2,481,536 7 8  
The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



WE KEEP DIFFERENT STYLES AND SIZES OF

## WATER FILTERS

But if you want your family to drink water that is

ABSOLUTELY PURE Please notice that

Raw Water Is an Aquarium:

Boiled Water Is a Graveyard:

Distilled Water Is PURITY ONLY.

This you can have by using our

## Family Water Condenser.

For use also in PLANTATION LABORATORIES: All you have to do is to put the apparatus over a kerosene or kitchen stove and catch the drippings.



We can also furnish you with best quality of

## Ice Chests, Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers

Call at the

Household Supply Dept.

—OF—



## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and

Canada, via Victoria and

Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen

and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India

and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LD.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line

Canadian Pacific Railway.

## New Goods

—FOR—

## Warm Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss, Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per cent. above this.

## Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu. Marseilles spreads, new design, from \$2.50 to \$12. New linings for organdies just received.

## B. F. Ehlers & Co.

WAVERLEY BLOCK.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Cables and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO. (Limited.)

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts.

Hollister & Co.

—AGENTS—

C. HUSTACE

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

819 KING ST. TEL. 119.

Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer. Orders from the other Islands faithfully executed.



## IRRIGATING SYSTEM.

## Some of the Many Ways Used for Watering Dry Land.

Appropos of the efficient artesian well system in use in these islands is the following description of "warping" given in the Kansas Farmer: Systematic control of the overflow of the Nile and the utilization of the load of sediment which it was caused to deposit upon the soil made Egypt the granary of Europe for centuries. It enabled her to maintain a great population and develop a wonderful civilization. For without the Nile the culture of Egypt would have been impossible. The Nile gave the idea of irrigation and fertilization, from its overflow, to the world. It was utilized by the first prehistoric settlers in the valley of Egypt, and from thence the idea spread to Asia and Europe, and today the great rivers of the greatest continent are made to enrich vast regions which yield marvelous harvests in response even to the crudest efforts of man.

The waters of the Nile and the Ganges are so rich in suspended matter that it occasionally amounts to one one-hundredth of their volume, and sometimes one in 200. The Hoang Ho—"The Sorrow of Han"—so named from the destructive overflows with which it floods vast districts and destroys untold numbers of human beings, carries down great quantities of soil which is utilized to some extent for fertilization in a crude way. The capabilities of the great river of China for sedimentary fertilization are unlimited, for the yellow soil or loess which is carried down is marvelously rich soil. Some attempt at its utilization has been made, and with wonderful success, considering the crude and unsanitary methods applied.

The system of overflowing irrigation and fertilization from the deposit of sediment is what is called "warping." The suspended solid matter is of importance not only for manure, but for a natural addition to the soil to be irrigated. One of the best examples of scientific warping is practiced in England on the River Trent, between Humber and Gainsborough. Embankments along the river were constructed centuries ago to protect the land from the encroachments of the tide as it flowed up the river and raised its level, so that it overflowed the lowlands bordering it.

A century ago a plan was begun of admitting the tidal water of the river with its load of mud to overflow the barren soil and periodically deposit a fresh layer of silt upon it. This system has now been made very elaborate, so that by means of sluices, gates, conduits, warping banks, etc., the mud-laden water is flowed over land or fields desired to be fertilized, and is held until it deposits its load of sediment, when it is allowed to return to the river with the falling tide. So great is the quantity of solid matter in the water that from one to three feet has been deposited where it was desired to make a new soil, from 10 to 12 inches being used during one spring season.

The art is now so well understood that the expert warper farmer may temper his land as he pleases. He can admit the water so as to deposit only a sufficient quantity of mud to act as a manure, or he can set so much as to make a new soil. In the latter case the overflow will need to be repeated frequently during the year, perhaps, as each tide deposits about one-eighth of an inch of silt. This silt is exceedingly rich, and will bear abundantly any kind of crop.

Warping is reduced to a science by the farmers who thus fertilize their lands and the peculiar procedure is also well understood. Such a system could be adopted regarding the Mississippi overflow, with the proper modifications that the management of its receding conditions would require. These could only be learned by experience, of course, following the lines of well-known principles which have been learned by experience with overflow fertilization in other countries.

## Perforated Sails.

The theory of Captain Bassalo has aroused some curiosity in this country among those who are interested in sailing vessels. The Maedarmid, a full-rigged Italian ship, of 1,550 tons, recently arrived at Sydney with her sails perforated in accordance with Captain Bassalo's system and her performances at sea have greatly pleased her commander, Captain Crisculo. There are two holes in each square sail, diminishing from a diameter of 2 feet in the lower sails or courses to about 7 inches in the royals or topmast sails—the fore and aft sails, jibs, staysails and spinnaker have but one hole each. Captain Crisculo states that when sailing fairly free on a light breeze and increased speed obtainable by his vessel is quite two knots per hour, while with a strong wind it is not quite so much. Running before a wind, if the holes do no good they can certainly do no harm, as the wind escaping from one sail must, of necessity, strike the sail immediately ahead. Captain Bassalo's theory is that the wind, after having done its work on the ordinary sail, forms an elastic cushion in the belly, and this causes a large amount of wind to be thrown back broken, and consequently lost, and he considers that his invention permits of the vessel obtaining full benefit of whatever winds she may get.—London Shipping World.

## Power of the Heart.

The Philadelphia Record's calculator has it that the human heart is practically a force pump about 6 inches in length and 4 inches in diameter. It beats 70 times per minute, 4,200 times per hour, 100,800 times per day and 37,920,000 times per year, and 2,575,440,000—say two thousand five hundred and seventy-five millions four hundred

and forty thousand—times in 70 years, which is "man's appointed three score years and ten." At each of these beats it forces 2 1/2 ounces of blood through the system, 175 ounces per minute, 656 1/4 pounds per hour, or 7.03 tons per day. All the blood in the body, which is about 20 pounds, passes through the heart every three minutes. This little organ pumps every day what is equal to lifting 122 tons one foot high, or one ton 122 feet high—that is, one ton to the top of a 40-yard mill chimney. During the 70 years of a man's life this marvelous little pump, without a single moment's rest, night or day, discharges the enormous quantity of 178,850 tons of human blood.

## Boating News.

Both the Healan and Myrtle crews to contest in the championship races Saturday, September 11th, will leave for Pearl Harbor on next Saturday. The Leilani has been down for a week and are doing remarkably good work. They will give the other two clubs a very warm tussle.

George Angus of the senior crew of the Myrtle Boat Club is under the weather and may not be able to pull this year.

In the opinion of the water-front experts the Healanis are still the favorites.

## WHARF AND WAVE.

The next steamer from the Coast is the Coptic, due September 9th.

The Doric is expected here from China and Japan on the 4th inst.

The J. D. Spreckels sailed from San Francisco for Mahukona, August 21.

The brig W. G. Irwin sailed from San Francisco for this port, August 20.

H. B. M. S. S. Algeria is expected to arrive at Victoria, B. C., shortly to make a survey between that port and Honolulu for the proposed British cable.

The American schooner Transit, Jorgensen master, arrived in port yesterday afternoon, 13 days from San Francisco, with a full cargo of general merchandise. She is at the Oceanic wharf.

The S. S. Peru, Saunders commander, arrived in port and hauled alongside the Pacific Mail wharf early yesterday morning, having sailed from San Francisco on the 24th inst. She will sail for China and Japan at 10 a. m. today.

The barkentine Irngard arrived in San Francisco, August 20, 23 days from this port. On August 7, in lat. 35 N., lon. 156 W., the maintopmast preventive backstay was carried away and the maintopmast lost overboard in the NE trades.

The four-masted barkentine Echo, Charles E. Foye master, arrived off port yesterday morning, on her way from Chemainus to Tientsin, with a cargo of lumber. She was 20 days out, and called in at this port to leave mail and procure a supply of medicine.

The American barkentine Amelia, E. F. Willer master, arrived in port yesterday morning, 26 days from Seattle, Wash., with a cargo of lumber for Allen & Robinson. She experienced calm, light and southerly winds throughout the trip. The Amelia is alongside Allen & Robinson's lumber wharf.

**A CURE FOR BILIOUS COLIC.**  
RESORCINOL, Screven Co., Ga.—I have been subject to attacks of bilious colic for several years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only sure relief. It acts like a charm. One dose of it gives relief when all other remedies fail.—G. D. SHARP. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

## VESSELS IN PORT.

**NAVAL.**  
U.S.S. Philadelphia, Miller, San Diego.  
U.S.S. Bennington, Nichols, San Diego.  
H.L.S. Naniwa-kan, Kurooka, Japan.

## MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include Coasters.)  
Ger. ship H. F. Glade, Haesloot, Bremen.  
Br. bark Woolahra, Barneson, Newcastle.  
Am. schr. Lizzie Vance, Hardwick, Newcastle, August 17.  
Am. bark Geo. F. Manson, Crack, Newcastle.  
Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, San Francisco, August 23.  
Am. schr. Aloha, Dabel, San Francisco, August 27.  
Am. schr. Robert Lewers, Goodman, Port Gamble, August 28.  
Am. schr. Jessie Minor, Whiting, Eureka, August 29.  
Am. bktn. Archer, Calhoun, San Francisco, August 31.  
Am. schr. Transit, Jorgensen, San Francisco, August 31.  
Am. bktn. Amelia, Willer, Seattle, Wash., September 1.

## VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessel: From: Date:  
Schr. Novelty, Newcastle, Due  
Bktn. Kilikita, Port Gamble, Aug. 27  
Brig W. G. Irwin, Frisco, Sept. 4  
Schr. Jno. G. North, Frisco, Sept. 5

## ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, August 31.  
P. M. S. S. Peru, Saunders, from San Francisco.  
Am. bktn. Archer, Calhoun, from San Francisco.  
Am. schr. Transit, Jorgensen, from San Francisco.

Wednesday, September 1.  
Schr. Ka Mol, from Hamakua.  
Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, from Oahu ports.  
Am. bktn. Amelia, Willer, 26 days from Seattle, Wash.  
Am. bktn. Echo, Foye, 20 days from Chemainus, B. C. (Off port).  
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

Thursday, September 2.  
Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Kauai ports.

## DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, August 31.  
Am. bark C. D. Bryant, Celly, for Laysan Island.  
Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, for Maui and Hawaii.  
Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Maui ports.  
Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina.  
Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for Nawiliwili, Koloa, Eleale, Hanalei, Makaweli, Waimea, Kekaha and Niihau.  
Stmr. Helene, Freeman, for Hawaii ports.

Wednesday, September 1.  
Bktn. Echo, Foye, for Tientsin.  
P. M. S. S. Peru, Saunders, for China and Japan.

Thursday, September 2.  
Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, for Kapaa.  
Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, for Oahu ports.  
Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Oahu ports.

## PASSENGERS.

**Arrivals.**  
From San Francisco, per bktn. Archer, August 31—Masters Armstrong, Hedemann, Walker and Mr. Prescott.  
From San Francisco, per S. S. Peru, August 31—Captain N. M. Dyer, U. S. N., J. F. Humburg, F. E. King, Wm. H. Hamilton, Miss Margaret Scott, Dr. T. J. Edwards, H. T. Edwards, Rev. T. E. Dickinson, Miss Georgiana Baudouin, Through: Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brett, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Price, R. G. Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. E. Emanuel, Mrs. Mead Drew, G. D. Brill, Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Fitch and 2 children, H. Lehmann, J. Kohu, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. M. S. Deede, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery, W. B. Montgomery.

**Departures.**  
For Maui, per stmr. Noeau, August 31.—L. A. Medeiros and W. H. Smith.  
For Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine, August 31.—Matthew Hoonani, D. P. Kapewa, W. H. Beers, Mrs. C. A. Long and two children, T. B. Lyons, wife and two children, D. C. Lindsay, W. Kaholokahiki, Miss Smith, H. H. Kahaula, H. W. Meheula, Ah Fat, Mrs. J. C. Lorenzen, Rev. J. K. Josepa, wife and two children, T. T. Phillips, Tom McTighe, A. N. Kepoiak and wife.

For Kauai ports, per stmr. Mikahala, August 31.—Miss McCriston, Miss Elwell, Miss Alexander, Miss Nicholson, Miss W. Joehne, Anton Cropp, W. A. Kinney, J. B. Alexander and wife, Miss Sharp, Miss Winne, J. A. Magoon, W. A. Lane, D. H. Cose, A. G. M. Robertson, W. C. King, Li Chung, A. Rosa, C. Awa, J. C. Ferreira, James Thompson, Yee Kai, Mrs. Kaeo and daughter, Chung Sai and wife, Miss Schubert, Miss J. McLean, J. F. Scott and wife, David Scott, J. B. Freitas, C. R. Dement, T. J. Vincent and M. J. Soares.

For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr. Kinau, August 31.—Volcano: C. W. Barton and G. Thilenius. Way ports: K. Keau, C. D. Fringle, Miss Coan, Mrs. Efford, E. N. Bee, P. Hopkin, L. H. Messick, F. M. Welfield, C. McLennan, Martin Smith, H. Ryeroff, A. B. Loebeinstein, E. R. Hendry, Miss M. R. Nape, Mrs. Wright, Miss B. Wright, Mrs. Wm. Miller, J. W. Bergstrom, R. N. Boyd, Chang Yuen Hee and wife, Wong How, Miss Debrah, Miss Renwick, Rev. Baptiste, Miss Thurston, Mrs. M. Malterre, J. Pori, J. K. Kulohia, Miss Broderick, Miss E. Lyman, H. Lewis, W. S. Wise, E. N. Bee, Olive Davies, Wilder Wright, Wm. Roth, H. A. Wilder, Gilbert F. Little and 56 on deck.

For China and Japan, per P. M. S. S. Peru, September 1.—C. J. Brooke, R. G. Brewster, Mrs. Plummer, James Arthur and Mr. Amsick, with 115 in steerage.

## WANTED.

A young English governess, trained and holding high certificates, is open to a new engagement in Honolulu or elsewhere in the Islands. Several years' experience. Music, French, Drawing and Painting. Local references. Address B. E. Advertiser Office, 4704-2WStu 1895-3W

## NOTICE.

The Maui Fishing Company will hold a meeting at the office of Mr. Young Hee, at Walluku, Maui, on the sixth day of September, 1897, A. D., for the election of officers for the ensuing year. Per order of YOUNG HEE, Secretary.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, duly appointed executrix of the will of the late Hon. S. L. Austin, of Hilo, Hawaii, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to present the same duly authenticated at the office of the Tax Assessor, in Hilo, Hawaii, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MRS. S. L. AUSTIN, Executrix of the Will of Hon. S. L. Austin, deceased. Dated at Hilo, Hawaii, August 25, A. D. 1897. 1894-3t

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned, duly appointed executrix of the will of the late Francis Spencer, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to present the same duly authenticated at her place of abode in Waimea, South Kohala, Island of Hawaii, within six months from date, or they will be forever barred. And all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MARTHA N. SPENCER, Executrix of the Will of Francis Spencer, deceased. Dated Waimea, Hawaii, August 6, 1897. 1898-4t

## BY AUTHORITY.

## PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On MONDAY, September 20th, 1897, at 10 a. m., at office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, will be sold at auction under special conditions (without residence):

Lot 1—Kupahua, 102 acres. Upset price \$153.00.  
Lot 2—Kupahua, 117 acres. Upset price \$175.00.

For plan and further particulars apply to E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, or at office of Public Lands, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. 1895-td

## PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Thursday, September 23d, at 10 a. m., at the office of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, will be open for application under the provisions of the Land Act for Right of Purchase, Lease or Cash Freeholds, or under special conditions of cultivation and improvement without residence:

Fourteen lots in Olua, Puna, Hawaii, (Volcano road, 11th to 13th mile, near Peter Lee's place,) of from 10 to 60 acres each in area, at appraised value of \$20 per acre.

For plan and further particulars apply to E. D. Baldwin, Hilo, Hawaii, or at the Office of Public Lands, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. Public Lands Office, Honolulu, August 31, 1897. 1895-td

## PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

LEASE AND SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS IN PUNA AND SOUTH KONA, HAWAII.

ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1897, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, 12 o'clock noon, will be sold at Public Auction, two lots in Kehena, Puna, containing 6 3/4-10 acres and 6 9-10 acres, respectively.

Upset price: \$192.90 and \$20.70.  
Terms: Cash, in United States gold. At the same time and place will be sold the lease of Ahupuaa of Kaulanamauna, South Kona, containing 3,400 acres, more or less.

Term: 21 years.  
Upset rental: \$50 per annum, payable annually in advance.

The Government reserves the right to take up any portions of this land for purposes of Land Act without reduction of rent.

For further particulars, apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu, or of E. D. Baldwin, Hilo.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. Dated, August 23, 1897. 1893-td

Department of Finance, Honolulu, H. I., September 1, 1897.  
Notice is hereby given that FRANK B. McSTOCKER has this day been appointed Collector-General of Customs for the Hawaiian Islands, vice James B. Castle, resigned.

S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance. 4701-3t 1895-3t

Department of Finance, Honolulu, H. I., September 1, 1897.  
Notice is hereby given that J. F. CLAY has this day been appointed Deputy Collector for the Port of Honolulu, vice Frank B. McStocker, promoted.

F. B. McSTOCKER, Approved: Collector-General.  
S. M. DAMON, Minister of Finance. 4701-3t 1895-3t

## TENDERS FOR BEEF CATTLE.

Tenders will be received at the office of the Board of Health up to 12 o'clock noon, Wednesday, September 22, 1897, for supplying the Leper Settlement, Molokai, with Beef Cattle for the period of six months ending March 31, 1898, under the following conditions:

1. The contractor to supply Fat Beef Cattle to weigh not less than 350 lbs. net when dressed, cattle weighing less than 350 lbs. net per head to be paid for at twenty-five per cent. less than the contract price.  
2. Cattle to be delivered in lots specified by the Superintendent of the Leper Settlement, and to average from seventy to ninety heads per month more or less.

3. Cattle dying within twenty-four hours after delivery, from injury or other causes sustained previous to delivery, to be the contractor's loss.  
4. Cattle injured when delivered and killed for that reason to be paid for at twenty-five per cent. less than the contract price.

The tender must be for the price per pound dressed. Hides and tallow to be the property of the Board.

The Board of Health does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any bid.  
WILLIAM O. SMITH, President of the Board of Health. Honolulu, Sept. 3, 1897. 4703-3t 1895-4t

## SEALED TENDERS.

Will be received at the office of the Minister of the Interior till 12 o'clock noon of MONDAY, September 20, 1897, for the construction of Road from Mahukona to the Waimea Road, Hawaii.

Plans and specifications at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works and at Kohala Post Office.

The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, August 25, 1897. 1893-3t

JOHN W. NEAL, ESQ., has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Fifth Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, August 31, 1897. 1894-3t

SATURDAY, September 18, 1897, being a National Holiday, all Government offices throughout the Republic of Hawaii will be closed on that day.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, August 31, 1897. 1894-3t

MR. HENELI PEELUA has this day been appointed an Agent to Grant Marriage Licenses for the District of Molokai, Island of Molokai.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, August 24, 1897. 1893-3t

On Saturday, September 11, 1897, at Court House, North Kohala, will be sold under special conditions of cultivation and improvement, 10 lots in Awini, North Kohala, of from 20 to 90 acres each in area.

At the same time and place will be sold for cash Lot No. 80, Puukapu, Waimea.

Upset price: \$20.  
For further particulars, apply to Charles Williams, Honokaa, Hamakua, or at Office of Public Lands, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. August 9, 1897. 1892-td

## A Rare Chance

## —TO SECURE A—

## Hawaiian Coffee Plantation

With About 200 Acres of Coffee Trees Growing.

The well-known estate of the Hawaiian Tea and Coffee Company, located at Kailua, Kona, Hawaii, is now offered for sale, and furnishes a rare opportunity for investment in the coffee industry.

This estate is located on the public highway, seven miles from the port of Kailua, Hawaii, with which it is connected by a good road. The estate comprises 300 acres of land in fee simple, and 500 acres under lease for various terms of years.

Two hundred (200) acres are already planted with coffee trees, from one to four years old.

The buildings include manager's and overseers' houses, mill and machinery buildings, tea house, laborers' houses, etc., etc. In addition, there is the usual supply of tools, etc.

This is probably the best opportunity that has been or will soon be offered for any capitalist who wishes to engage in coffee planting, as much of the rough preparatory work is finished, and the estate only needs judicious management, with ample means to carry it on till the crops come in. The crop of this estate for the year 1899 ought to be from 1000 to 1200 bags of coffee, and increasing rapidly each year thereafter.

For further particulars apply to the agents, F. A. SCHAEFER & CO. 1893-6t Honolulu.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Power of Attorney given by us to Mrs. Luia Kalaauka, authorizing her to lease our undivided half interest in a certain piece of land situated at North Kohala, Island of Hawaii, known as "Kaloa," containing an area of 126 acres, more or less, bounded and described in R. P. —, is hereby cancelled.

Notice is likewise given that Kalua Maio (K), residing at North Kohala aforesaid, is hereby authorized to take care of the said undivided half interest, together with all our horses.

JULIA KALAKIELA, J. S. KALAKIELA. Dated Honolulu, H. I., August 30, 1897. 1895-3t

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executor of the will of Joseph Lazarus, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Joseph Lazarus, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to him at his office on Fort street, Spreckels' block, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

Dated Honolulu, August 7, 1897. J. S. WALKER, Executor of the Will of Joseph Lazarus, deceased. 1899-4t

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE

First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.  
John D. Spreckels and Adolph B. Spreckels vs. A. G. Hawes and George Lycurgus.

The Republic of Hawaii: To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon A. G. Hawes and George Lycurgus defendants in case they shall file written answer within 20 days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the November Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 1st day of November next, at 10 o'clock a. m. to show cause why the claim of John D. Spreckels and Adolph B. Spreckels, plaintiffs, should not be awarded to them pursuant to the tenor of their annexed petition.

And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness: Hon. A. W. Carter, First Judge of the Circuit [Seal.] Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 19th day of June 1897. GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk. 1876-3m

## TIME TABLE

## Wilder's Steamship Company

—1897—

## S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.  
Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maiala Bay and Makani the same day; Mahukona, Kaula and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVE HONOLULU.  
\*Friday ..Sep. 10 \*Friday ..Nov. 12  
Tuesday ..Sep. 21 Tuesday ..Nov. 23  
Friday ..Oct. 1 Friday ..Dec. 3  
\*Tuesday ..Oct. 12 \*Tuesday ..Dec. 14  
Friday ..Oct. 22 Thursday ..Dec. 23  
Tuesday ..Nov. 2

Will call at Pohniki, Puna, on trips marked \*.  
Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kaula the same day; Makani, Maiala Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoon of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.  
Tuesday ..Sep. 7 Tuesday ..Nov. 9  
Friday ..Sep. 17 Friday ..Nov. 19  
Tuesday ..Sep. 28 Tuesday ..Nov. 30  
Friday ..Oct. 8 Friday ..Dec. 10  
Tuesday ..Oct. 19 Tuesday ..Dec. 21  
Friday ..Oct. 29 Friday ..Dec. 31  
Will call at Pohniki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.  
The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.  
Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.

## S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kaula, Hana, Pohniki and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Niihau, Kaula, once each month.  
No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom. Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.  
This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

## FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.